By the Committee on Fiscal Policy; and Senators Collins, Gruters, Martin, and Hooper

594-02393-23 2023150c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public safety; amending s. 27.53, 3 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 4 act; amending s. 30.15, F.S.; requiring sheriffs to 5 assist private schools in complying with a certain 6 statute; authorizing a private school to request the 7 sheriff to establish a guardian program under certain 8 conditions; providing requirements for the guardian 9 program; authorizing certified individuals to serve as 10 school guardians if appointed by the applicable 11 private school head of school; revising the training 12 program hours required for school employees to be 13 certified as school guardians; amending s. 768.28, F.S.; revising a definition; amending s. 790.001, 14 15 F.S.; defining the term "handgun"; amending s. 790.01, F.S.; authorizing a person to carry a concealed weapon 16 17 or concealed firearm if he or she is licensed to do so 18 or meets specified requirements; specifying that the state bears the burden of proof for certain 19 20 violations; creating s. 790.013, F.S.; requiring a 21 person who is carrying a concealed weapon or concealed 22 firearm without a license to carry valid 23 identification and display such identification upon 24 demand by a law enforcement officer; providing a 25 noncriminal penalty; prohibiting a person who is carrying a concealed weapon or concealed firearm 2.6 27 without a license from carrying such weapon or firearm 28 in specified locations; amending s. 790.015, F.S.; 29 authorizing a nonresident to carry a concealed weapon

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30	or concealed firearm in this state if he or she meets
31	the same requirements as a resident; removing a
32	requirement that limits recognition of concealed
33	firearm licenses to those states that honor Florida
34	concealed weapon or concealed firearm licenses;
35	amending s. 790.052, F.S.; conforming provisions to
36	changes made by the act; amending s. 790.053, F.S.;
37	specifying that it is not a violation of specified
38	provisions for persons authorized to carry a concealed
39	weapon or concealed firearm without a license to
40	briefly and openly display a firearm under specified
41	circumstances; amending s. 790.06, F.S.; defining the
42	term "concealed weapon or concealed firearm"; removing
43	a requirement that a person who is licensed to carry a
44	concealed weapon or concealed firearm must carry such
45	license while he or she is in actual possession of a
46	concealed weapon or concealed firearm; revising
47	legislative findings; making technical changes;
48	amending s. 790.0655, F.S.; making technical changes;
49	amending s. 790.115, F.S.; providing that a person who
50	is authorized to carry a concealed weapon or concealed
51	firearm without a license is subject to specified
52	penalties for possessing such weapon or firearm at a
53	school-sponsored event or on school property;
54	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
55	revising applicability; repealing s. 790.145, F.S.,
56	relating to the possession of firearms or destructive
57	devices within the premises of pharmacies; amending s.
58	790.25, F.S.; providing that a person who is

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59	authorized to carry a concealed weapon or concealed
60	firearm may carry such weapon or firearm on his or her
61	person in a private conveyance under certain
62	circumstances; conforming provisions to changes made
63	by the act; making technical changes; amending s.
64	790.251, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
65	"employee" to include any person who is authorized to
66	carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm;
67	prohibiting an employer from conditioning employment
68	upon the fact that an employee or a prospective
69	employee is authorized to carry a concealed weapon or
70	concealed firearm; amending s. 790.31, F.S.; removing
71	the definition of the term "handgun"; creating s.
72	943.6873, F.S.; requiring each law enforcement agency
73	in this state to create and maintain an active
74	assailant response policy by a specified date;
75	providing requirements for the policy; amending s.
76	1001.212, F.S.; requiring the Office of Safe Schools
77	to develop a behavioral threat management operational
78	process by a specified date; providing requirements
79	for the process; revising provisions requiring the
80	office to develop a Florida-specific behavioral threat
81	assessment instrument by a specified date; revising
82	requirements for the instrument; requiring the office
83	to develop, host, maintain, and administer a threat
84	management portal by a specified date; providing
85	requirements for the threat management portal;
86	providing a noncriminal penalty for an individual
87	using the threat management portal for an unauthorized

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88	purpose; deleting provisions providing for the
89	Statewide Threat Assessment Database Workgroup;
90	authorizing the State Board of Education to adopt
91	emergency rules; amending s. 1002.42, F.S.;
92	authorizing a private school to partner with a law
93	enforcement agency or security agency for specified
94	purposes; requiring a private school that establishes
95	a safe-school officer to comply with specified
96	provisions of law; providing that the private school
97	is responsible for certain implementation costs;
98	amending s. 1003.25, F.S.; revising information
99	included in verified reports of serious or recurrent
100	behavior patterns; amending s. 1006.07, F.S.;
101	redesignating threat assessment teams as threat
102	management teams; requiring a charter school governing
103	board to establish a threat management team; providing
104	requirements for a threat management team; requiring
105	the threat management team to prepare a specified
106	report; authorizing the state board to adopt emergency
107	rules; providing legislative findings; creating s.
108	1006.121, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education
109	to establish the Florida Safe Schools Canine Program;
110	requiring the Office of Safe Schools to consult with
111	specified entities; defining the term "firearm
112	detection canine"; providing requirements for the
113	program; requiring the State Board of Education to
114	adopt rules; amending s. 1006.13, F.S.; conforming
115	provisions to changes made by the act; providing
116	reporting requirements for certain school safety

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effective dates.

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2023150c1 incidents; amending ss. 790.1612, 810.095, 921.0022, 921.0024, 943.051, 943.0585, 943.059, 985.11, and 1002.33, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing appropriations; providing

123 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 124

125 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 27.53, 126 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

127 27.53 Appointment of assistants and other staff; method of 128 payment.-

129 (1) The public defender of each judicial circuit is 130 authorized to employ and establish, in such numbers as 131 authorized by the General Appropriations Act, assistant public 132 defenders and other staff and personnel pursuant to s. 29.006, 133 who shall be paid from funds appropriated for that purpose. 134 Notwithstanding ss. 790.01 and 790.02, the provisions of s. 790.01, s. 790.02, or s. 790.25(2)(a), an investigator employed 135 136 by a public defender, while actually carrying out official 137 duties, is authorized to carry a concealed weapon or concealed 138 firearm weapons if the investigator complies with s. 139 $790.25(2)(0) = \frac{790.25(3)(0)}{100}$. However, such investigators are 140 not eligible for membership in the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement System. The public defenders of all judicial 141 circuits shall jointly develop a coordinated classification and 142 143 pay plan which shall be submitted on or before January 1 of each 144 year to the Justice Administrative Commission, the office of the 145 President of the Senate, and the office of the Speaker of the

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146 House of Representatives. Such plan shall be developed in 147 accordance with policies and procedures of the Executive Office of the Governor established in s. 216.181. Each assistant public 148 defender appointed by a public defender under this section shall 149 150 serve at the pleasure of the public defender. Each investigator employed by a public defender shall have full authority to serve 151 152 any witness subpoena or court order issued, by any court or 153 judge within the judicial circuit served by such public 154 defender, in a criminal case in which such public defender has 155 been appointed to represent the accused.

156 (4) The five criminal conflict and civil regional counsels 157 may employ and establish, in the numbers authorized by the 158 General Appropriations Act, assistant regional counsels and 159 other staff and personnel in each judicial district pursuant to 160 s. 29.006, who shall be paid from funds appropriated for that 161 purpose. Notwithstanding ss. 790.01 and 790.02, s. 790.01, s. 162 790.02, or s. 790.25(2)(a), an investigator employed by an 163 office of criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, while 164 actually carrying out official duties, is authorized to carry a 165 concealed weapon or concealed firearm weapons if the investigator complies with s. 790.25(2)(o) s. 790.25(3)(o). 166 167 However, such investigators are not eligible for membership in 168 the Special Risk Class of the Florida Retirement System. The 169 five regional counsels shall jointly develop a coordinated classification and pay plan for submission to the Justice 170 171 Administrative Commission, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1 of each 172 173 year. The plan must be developed in accordance with policies and procedures of the Executive Office of the Governor established 174

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594-02393-232023150c1175in s. 216.181. Each assistant regional counsel appointed by the176regional counsel under this section shall serve at the pleasure177of the regional counsel. Each investigator employed by the178regional counsel shall have full authority to serve any witness179subpoena or court order issued by any court or judge in a180criminal case in which the regional counsel has been appointed181to represent the accused.182Section 2. Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section18330.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:18430.15 Powers, duties, and obligations185(1) Sheriffs, in their respective counties, in person or by186deputy, shall:187(k) Assist district school boards and charter school188governing boards in complying with, or private schools in189exercising options in, s. 1006.12. A sheriff must, at a minimum,190provide access to a Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program to aid in191the prevention or abatement of active assailant incidents on
<pre>176 regional counsel under this section shall serve at the pleasure 177 of the regional counsel. Each investigator employed by the 178 regional counsel shall have full authority to serve any witness 179 subpoena or court order issued by any court or judge in a 180 criminal case in which the regional counsel has been appointed 181 to represent the accused. 182 Section 2. Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 183 30.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 184 30.15 Powers, duties, and obligations 185 (1) Sheriffs, in their respective counties, in person or by 186 deputy, shall: 187 (k) Assist district school boards and charter school 188 governing boards in complying with, or private schools in 189 <u>exercising options in,</u> s. 1006.12. A sheriff must, at a minimum, 190 provide access to a Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program to aid in</pre>
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190 provide access to a Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program to aid in
191 the prevention or abatement of active assailant incidents on
192 school premises, as required under this paragraph. Persons
193 certified as school guardians pursuant to this paragraph have no
194 authority to act in any law enforcement capacity except to the
195 extent necessary to prevent or abate an active assailant
196 incident.
197 1.a. If a local school board has voted by a majority to
198 implement a guardian program, the sheriff in that county shall
199 establish a guardian program to provide training, pursuant to
200 subparagraph 2., to school district, or charter school, or
201 <u>private school</u> employees, either directly or through a contract
202 with another sheriff's office that has established a guardian
203 program.

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204	b. A charter school governing board in a school district
205	that has not voted, or has declined, to implement a guardian
206	program may request the sheriff in the county to establish a
207	guardian program for the purpose of training the charter school
208	employees. If the county sheriff denies the request, the charter
209	school governing board may contract with a sheriff that has
210	established a guardian program to provide such training. The
211	charter school governing board must notify the superintendent
212	and the sheriff in the charter school's county of the contract
213	prior to its execution.
214	c. A private school in a school district that has not
215	voted, or has declined, to implement a guardian program may
216	request that the sheriff in the county of the private school
217	establish a guardian program for the purpose of training private
218	school employees. If the county sheriff denies the request, the
219	private school may contract with a sheriff from another county
220	who has established a guardian program to provide such training.
221	The private school must notify the sheriff in the private
222	school's county of the contract with a sheriff from another
223	county before its execution. The private school is responsible
224	for all training costs for a school guardian program. The
225	sheriff providing such training must ensure that any moneys paid
226	by a private school are not commingled with any funds provided
227	by the state to the sheriff as reimbursement for screening-
228	related and training-related costs of any school district or
229	charter school employee.
230	d. The training program required in sub-subparagraph 2.b.
231	is a standardized statewide curriculum, and each sheriff
232	providing such training shall adhere to the course of

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 233 instruction specified in that sub-subparagraph. This 234 subparagraph does not prohibit a sheriff from providing 235 additional training. A school guardian who has completed the 236 training program required in sub-subparagraph 2.b. may not be 237 required to attend another sheriff's training program pursuant 238 to that sub-subparagraph unless there has been at least a 1-year 239 break in his or her employment as a guardian. 240 e. The sheriff conducting the training pursuant to subparagraph 2. will be reimbursed for screening-related and 241 training-related costs and for providing a one-time stipend of 242 243 \$500 to each school guardian who participates in the school 244 quardian program. 2. A sheriff who establishes a program shall consult with 245 246 the Department of Law Enforcement on programmatic guiding 247 principles, practices, and resources, and shall certify as 248 school guardians, without the power of arrest, school employees, 249 as specified in s. 1006.12(3), who: 250 a. Hold a valid license issued under s. 790.06. 251 b. Complete a 144-hour training program, consisting of 12 252 hours of certified nationally recognized diversity training and 253 132 total hours of comprehensive firearm safety and proficiency 254 training conducted by Criminal Justice Standards and Training 255 Commission-certified instructors, which must include: 256 (I) Eighty hours of firearms instruction based on the 257 Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission's Law 2.58 Enforcement Academy training model, which must include at least 259 10 percent but no more than 20 percent more rounds fired than 260 associated with academy training. Program participants must

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achieve an 85 percent pass rate on the firearms training.

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 262 (II) Sixteen hours of instruction in precision pistol. 263 (III) Eight hours of discretionary shooting instruction using state-of-the-art simulator exercises. 264 265 (IV) Sixteen Eight hours of instruction in active shooter 266 or assailant scenarios. 267 (V) Eight hours of instruction in defensive tactics. 268 (VI) Four Twelve hours of instruction in legal issues. 269 c. Pass a psychological evaluation administered by a 270 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 and designated by the 271 Department of Law Enforcement and submit the results of the 272 evaluation to the sheriff's office. The Department of Law 273 Enforcement is authorized to provide the sheriff's office with 274 mental health and substance abuse data for compliance with this 275 paragraph. 276 d. Submit to and pass an initial drug test and subsequent 277 random drug tests in accordance with the requirements of s. 112.0455 and the sheriff's office. 278 279 e. Successfully complete ongoing training, weapon 280 inspection, and firearm qualification on at least an annual 281 basis. 282 283 The sheriff who conducts the guardian training shall issue a 284 school guardian certificate to individuals who meet the 285 requirements of this section to the satisfaction of the sheriff, 286 and shall maintain documentation of weapon and equipment 287 inspections, as well as the training, certification, inspection, and qualification records of each school guardian certified by 288 289 the sheriff. An individual who is certified under this paragraph 290 may serve as a school guardian under s. 1006.12(3) only if he or

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291	she is appointed by the applicable school district
292	superintendent <u>,</u> or charter school principal, or private school
293	head of school.
294	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section
295	768.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
296	768.28 Waiver of sovereign immunity in tort actions;
297	recovery limits; civil liability for damages caused during a
298	riot; limitation on attorney fees; statute of limitations;
299	exclusions; indemnification; risk management programs
300	(9)
301	(b) As used in this subsection, the term:
302	1. "Employee" includes any volunteer firefighter.
303	2. "Officer, employee, or agent" includes, but is not
304	limited to, any health care provider when providing services
305	pursuant to s. 766.1115; any nonprofit independent college or
306	university located and chartered in this state which owns or
307	operates an accredited medical school, and its employees or
308	agents, when providing patient services pursuant to paragraph
309	(10)(f); any public defender or her or his employee or agent,
310	including an assistant public defender or an investigator; and
311	any member of a Child Protection Team, as defined in <u>s. 39.01,</u>
312	or any member of a threat management team, as described in s.
313	1006.07(7) s. 39.01(13), when carrying out her or his duties as
314	a team member under the control, direction, and supervision of
315	the state or any of its agencies or subdivisions.
316	Section 4. Section 790.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to
317	read:
318	790.001 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except where
319	the context otherwise requires:

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 320 (2) (1) "Antique firearm" means any firearm manufactured in 321 or before 1918 (including any matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar early type of ignition system) or replica 322 323 thereof, whether actually manufactured before or after the year 324 1918, and also any firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured 325 in or before 1918, for which ammunition is no longer 326 manufactured in the United States and is not readily available 327 in the ordinary channels of commercial trade. 328 (3) (2) "Concealed firearm" means any firearm, as defined in 329 subsection (9) (6), which is carried on or about a person in 330 such a manner as to conceal the firearm from the ordinary sight 331 of another person. 332 (4) (3) (a) "Concealed weapon" means any dirk, metallic 333 knuckles, billie, tear gas gun, chemical weapon or device, or 334 other deadly weapon carried on or about a person in such a 335 manner as to conceal the weapon from the ordinary sight of 336 another person. 337 (b) "Tear gas gun" or "chemical weapon or device" means any 338 weapon of such nature, except a device known as a "self-defense 339 chemical spray." "Self-defense chemical spray" means a device 340 carried solely for purposes of lawful self-defense that is 341 compact in size, designed to be carried on or about the person, 342 and contains not more than two ounces of chemical. 343 (6) (4) "Destructive device" means any bomb, grenade, mine, 344 rocket, missile, pipebomb, or similar device containing an explosive, incendiary, or poison gas and includes any frangible 345 346 container filled with an explosive, incendiary, explosive gas,

347 or expanding gas, which is designed or so constructed as to 348 explode by such filler and is capable of causing bodily harm or

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 349 property damage; any combination of parts either designed or 350 intended for use in converting any device into a destructive 351 device and from which a destructive device may be readily 352 assembled; any device declared a destructive device by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms; any type of weapon 353 354 which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel 355 a projectile by the action of any explosive and which has a 356 barrel with a bore of one-half inch or more in diameter; and 357 ammunition for such destructive devices, but not including 358 shotgun shells or any other ammunition designed for use in a 359 firearm other than a destructive device. "Destructive device" 360 does not include: (a) A device which is not designed, redesigned, used, or 361 362 intended for use as a weapon; 363 (b) Any device, although originally designed as a weapon, which is redesigned so that it may be used solely as a 364 365 signaling, line-throwing, safety, or similar device; 366 (c) Any shotgun other than a short-barreled shotgun; or 367 (d) Any nonautomatic rifle (other than a short-barreled 368 rifle) generally recognized or particularly suitable for use for 369 the hunting of big game. 370 (8) (5) "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture 371 that has the property of yielding readily to combustion or 372 oxidation upon application of heat, flame, or shock, including but not limited to dynamite, nitroglycerin, trinitrotoluene, or 373 374 ammonium nitrate when combined with other ingredients to form an

374 and official mitrate when combined with other ingredients to form an 375 explosive mixture, blasting caps, and detonators; but not 376 including:

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(a) Shotgun shells, cartridges, or ammunition for firearms;

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 378 (b) Fireworks as defined in s. 791.01; (c) Smokeless propellant powder or small arms ammunition 379 primers, if possessed, purchased, sold, transported, or used in 380 381 compliance with s. 552.241; 382 (d) Black powder in quantities not to exceed that 383 authorized by chapter 552, or by any rules adopted thereunder by 384 the Department of Financial Services, when used for, or intended 385 to be used for, the manufacture of target and sporting 386 ammunition or for use in muzzle-loading flint or percussion 387 weapons. 388 389 The exclusions contained in paragraphs (a) - (d) do not apply to 390 the term "explosive" as used in the definition of "firearm" in 391 subsection (9) (6). (9) (6) "Firearm" means any weapon (including a starter gun) 392 393 which will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel 394 a projectile by the action of an explosive; the frame or 395 receiver of any such weapon; any firearm muffler or firearm 396 silencer; any destructive device; or any machine gun. The term 397 "firearm" does not include an antique firearm unless the antique 398 firearm is used in the commission of a crime. 399 (11) (7) "Indictment" means an indictment or an information 400 in any court under which a crime punishable by imprisonment for 401 a term exceeding 1 year may be prosecuted. (12) (8) "Law enforcement officer" means: 402 403 (a) All officers or employees of the United States or the State of Florida, or any agency, commission, department, board, 404 405 division, municipality, or subdivision thereof, who have 406 authority to make arrests;

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 407 (b) Officers or employees of the United States or the State 408 of Florida, or any agency, commission, department, board, division, municipality, or subdivision thereof, duly authorized 409 410 to carry a concealed weapon; 411 (c) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States, the 412 organized reserves, state militia, or Florida National Guard, 413 when on duty, when preparing themselves for, or going to or 414 from, military duty, or under orders; (d) An employee of the state prisons or correctional 415 416 systems who has been so designated by the Department of 417 Corrections or by a warden of an institution; 418 (e) All peace officers; 419 (f) All state attorneys and United States attorneys and 420 their respective assistants and investigators. 421 (13) (9) "Machine gun" means any firearm, as defined herein, 422 which shoots, or is designed to shoot, automatically more than 423 one shot, without manually reloading, by a single function of 424 the trigger. 425 (10) "Handgun" means a firearm capable of being carried and 426 used by one hand, such as a pistol or revolver. 427 (17) (10) "Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having 428 one or more barrels less than 18 inches in length and any weapon 429 made from a shotgun (whether by alteration, modification, or 430 otherwise) if such weapon as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches. 431 4.32 (16) (11) "Short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or 433 more barrels less than 16 inches in length and any weapon made

434 from a rifle (whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise) 435 if such weapon as modified has an overall length of less than 26

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465	programs.
466	(1)(19) "Ammunition" means an object consisting of all of
467	the following:
468	(a) A fixed metallic or nonmetallic hull or casing
469	containing a primer.
470	(b) One or more projectiles, one or more bullets, or shot.
471	(c) Gunpowder.
472	
473	All of the specified components must be present for an object to
474	be ammunition.
475	Section 5. Section 790.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
476	read:
477	790.01 Unlicensed Carrying of concealed weapons or
478	concealed firearms
479	(1) A person is authorized to carry a concealed weapon or
480	concealed firearm, as that term is defined in s. 790.06(1), if
481	he or she:
482	(a) Is licensed under s. 790.06; or
483	(b) Is not licensed under s. 790.06, but otherwise
484	satisfies the criteria for receiving and maintaining such a
485	license under s. 790.06(2)(a)-(f) and (i)-(n), (3), and (10).
486	(2)(1) Except as provided in subsection (5) (3), a person
487	who <u>does not meet the criteria in subsection (1)</u> is not licensed
488	under s. 790.06 and who carries a concealed weapon or electric
489	weapon or device, as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, on
490	or about his or her person commits a misdemeanor of the first
491	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
492	(3)(2) Except as provided in subsection (5) (3), a person
493	who does not meet the criteria in subsection (1) is not licensed

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494 under s. 790.06 and who carries a concealed firearm, as that 495 term is defined in s. 790.001, on or about his or her person 496 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 497 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 498 (4) In any prosecution for a violation of subsection (2) or 499 subsection (3), the state bears the burden of proving, as an 500 element of the offense, both that a person is not licensed under 501 s. 790.06 and that he or she is ineligible to receive and 502 maintain such a license under the criteria listed in s. 503 790.06(2)(a)-(f) and (i)-(n), (3), and (10). 504 (5) (3) A person does not violate this section if he or she 505 This section does not apply to: 506 (a) Is lawfully in possession of A person who carries a 507 concealed weapon or a concealed firearm, as those terms are 508 defined in s. 790.001, or a person who may lawfully possess a 509 firearm and who carries such a concealed weapon or concealed 510 firearm, on or about his or her person while in the act of 511 evacuating during a mandatory evacuation order issued during a 512 state of emergency declared by the Governor pursuant to chapter 513 252 or declared by a local authority pursuant to chapter 870. As 514 used in this subsection, the term "in the act of evacuating" 515 means the immediate and urgent movement of a person away from

516 the evacuation zone within 48 hours after a mandatory evacuation 517 is ordered. The 48 hours may be extended by an order issued by 518 the Governor.

(b) A person who Carries for purposes of lawful selfdefense, in a concealed manner:

521

522

1. A self-defense chemical spray.

2. A nonlethal stun gun or dart-firing stun gun or other

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523	nonlethal electric weapon or device that is designed solely for
524	defensive purposes.
525	<u>(6)</u> This section does not preclude any prosecution for
526	the use of an electric weapon or device, a dart-firing stun gun,
527	or a self-defense chemical spray during the commission of any
528	criminal offense under s. 790.07, s. 790.10, s. 790.23, or s.
529	790.235, or for any other criminal offense.
530	Section 6. Section 790.013, Florida Statutes, is created to
531	read:
532	790.013 Carrying of concealed weapons or concealed firearms
533	without a license.—A person who carries a concealed weapon or
534	concealed firearm without a license as authorized under s.
535	<u>790.01(1)(b):</u>
536	(1)(a) Must carry valid identification at all times when he
537	or she is in actual possession of a concealed weapon or
538	concealed firearm and must display such identification upon
539	demand by a law enforcement officer.
540	(b) A violation of this subsection is a noncriminal
541	violation punishable by a \$25 fine, payable to the clerk of the
542	court.
543	(2) Is subject to s. 790.06(12) in the same manner as a
544	person who is licensed to carry a concealed weapon or concealed
545	firearm.
546	Section 7. Section 790.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to
547	read:
548	790.015 Nonresidents who are United States citizens and
549	hold a concealed weapons license in another state; reciprocity
550	(1) Notwithstanding s. 790.01, A nonresident of Florida may
551	carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm, as that term is
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552	defined in s. 790.06(1), while in this state if the nonresident
553	is a resident of the United States who is 21 years of age or
554	older and he or she:
555	(a) Satisfies the criteria for receiving and maintaining a
556	license to carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm under
557	s. 790.06(2)(a)-(f) and (i)-(n), (3), and (10); or
558	(a) Is 21 years of age or older.
559	(b) Has in his or her immediate possession a valid license
560	to carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm issued to the
561	nonresident in his or her state of residence.
562	(c) Is a resident of the United States.
563	(2) A nonresident is subject to the same laws and
564	restrictions with respect to carrying a concealed weapon or
565	concealed firearm as a resident of Florida who is so licensed .
566	(3) If the resident of another state who is the holder of a
567	valid license to carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm
568	issued in another state establishes legal residence in this
569	state by:
570	(a) Registering to vote;
571	(b) Making a statement of domicile pursuant to s. 222.17;
572	or
573	(c) Filing for homestead tax exemption on property in this
574	state,
575	
576	the license shall <u>be recognized as valid</u> remain in effect for 90
577	days following the date on which the holder of the license
578	establishes legal state residence.
579	(4) This section applies only to nonresident concealed
580	weapon or concealed firearm licenseholders from states that

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 581 honor Florida concealed weapon or concealed firearm licenses. (4) (4) (5) The requirement in subsection (1) that a nonresident 582 583 be 21 years of age or older to carry a concealed weapon or 584 concealed firearm of paragraph (1) (a) does not apply to a person 585 who: 586 (a) Is a servicemember, as defined in s. 250.01; or 587 (b) Is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces who was 588 discharged under honorable conditions. 589 Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 590 790.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 591 790.052 Carrying concealed firearms; off-duty law 592 enforcement officers.-593 (1)594 (d) This section does not limit the right of a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or correctional 595 596 probation officer to carry a concealed firearm off duty as a 597 private citizen under the exemption provided in s. 790.06 that allows a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, or 598 599 correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), 600 (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9) to carry a concealed firearm without 601 a concealed weapon or concealed firearm license or as otherwise 602 provided by law. The appointing or employing agency or 603 department of an officer carrying a concealed firearm as a private citizen is under s. 790.06 shall not be liable for the 604 605 use of the firearm in such capacity. This section does not limit 606 Nothing herein limits the authority of the appointing or 607 employing agency or department from establishing policies limiting law enforcement officers or correctional officers from 608 609 carrying concealed firearms during off-duty hours in their

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610	capacity as appointees or employees of the agency or department.
611	Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 790.053, Florida
612	Statutes, is amended to read:
613	790.053 Open carrying of weapons
614	(1) Except as otherwise provided by law and in subsection
615	(2), it is unlawful for any person to openly carry on or about
616	his or her person any firearm or electric weapon or device. It
617	is not a violation of this section for a person who carries
618	licensed to carry a concealed firearm as <u>authorized</u> provided in
619	s. 790.01(1) s. 790.06(1), and who is lawfully carrying a
620	firearm in a concealed manner, to briefly and openly display the
621	firearm to the ordinary sight of another person, unless the
622	firearm is intentionally displayed in an angry or threatening
623	manner, not in necessary self-defense.
624	Section 10. Subsection (1), paragraphs (g) and (h) of
625	subsection (2), paragraph (e) of subsection (4), paragraph (b)
626	of subsection (5), paragraph (f) of subsection (6), and
627	subsections (9), (10), (12), (13), and (16) of section 790.06,
628	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
629	790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or <u>concealed</u>
630	firearm
631	(1) (a) For the purposes of this section, the term
632	"concealed weapon or concealed firearm" means a handgun,
633	electric weapon or device, tear gas gun, knife, or billie, but
634	does not include a machine gun as that term is defined in s.
635	790.001.
636	(b) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services is
637	authorized to issue licenses to carry concealed weapons or
638	concealed firearms to persons qualified as provided in this

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 639 section. Each such license must bear a color photograph of the 640 licensee. For the purposes of this section, concealed weapons or 641 concealed firearms are defined as a handgun, electronic weapon 642 or device, tear gas gun, knife, or billie, but the term does not 643 include a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9). 644 (c) Such Licenses are shall be valid throughout the state 645 for a period of 7 years after from the date of issuance. A 646 licensee must carry Any person in compliance with the terms of 647 such license may carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm notwithstanding the provisions of s. 790.01. The licensee must 648 649 carry the license, together with valid identification, at all 650 times in which the licensee is in actual possession of a 651 concealed weapon or concealed firearm and must display such both 652 the license and proper identification upon demand by a law 653 enforcement officer. Violations of the provisions of this 654 subsection shall constitute a noncriminal violation with a 655 penalty of \$25, payable to the clerk of the court. 656 (2) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 657 shall issue a license if the applicant: 658 (g) Desires a legal means to carry a concealed weapon or 659 concealed firearm for lawful self-defense; 660 (h) Demonstrates competence with a firearm by any one of 661 the following: 662 1. Completion of any hunter education or hunter safety 663 course approved by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 664 or a similar agency of another state; 665 2. Completion of any National Rifle Association firearms 666 safety or training course; 3. Completion of any firearms safety or training course or 667

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668	class available to the general public offered by a law
669	enforcement agency, junior college, college, or private or
670	public institution or organization or firearms training school,
671	using instructors certified by the National Rifle Association,
672	Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission, or the
673	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;
674	4. Completion of any law enforcement firearms safety or
675	training course or class offered for security guards,
676	investigators, special deputies, or any division or subdivision
677	of a law enforcement agency or security enforcement;
678	5. Presents evidence of equivalent experience with a
679	firearm through participation in organized shooting competition
680	or military service;
681	6. Is licensed or has been licensed to carry a <u>concealed</u>
682	weapon or concealed firearm in this state or a county or
683	municipality of this state, unless such license has been revoked
684	for cause; or
685	7. Completion of any firearms training or safety course or
686	class conducted by a state-certified or National Rifle
687	Association certified firearms instructor;
688	
689	A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses
690	or classes; an affidavit from the instructor, school, club,
691	organization, or group that conducted or taught such course or
692	class attesting to the completion of the course or class by the
693	applicant; or a copy of any document that shows completion of
694	the course or class or evidences participation in firearms
695	competition shall constitute evidence of qualification under
696	this paragraph. A person who conducts a course pursuant to
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594-02393-23 2023150c1 697 subparagraph 2., subparagraph 3., or subparagraph 7., or who, as 698 an instructor, attests to the completion of such courses, must 699 maintain records certifying that he or she observed the student 700 safely handle and discharge the firearm in his or her physical 701 presence and that the discharge of the firearm included live 702 fire using a firearm and ammunition as defined in s. 790.001; 703 (4) The application shall be completed, under oath, on a 704 form adopted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 705 Services and shall include: 706 (e) A statement that the applicant desires a concealed weapon or concealed firearms license as a means of lawful self-707 708 defense; and 709 (5) The applicant shall submit to the Department of 710 Agriculture and Consumer Services or an approved tax collector 711 pursuant to s. 790.0625: 712 (b) A nonrefundable license fee of up to \$55 if he or she 713 has not previously been issued a statewide license or of up to 714 \$45 for renewal of a statewide license. The cost of processing 715 fingerprints as required in paragraph (c) shall be borne by the 716 applicant. However, an individual holding an active 717 certification from the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 718 Commission as a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, 719 or correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), 720 (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9) is exempt from the licensing 721 requirements of this section. If such individual wishes to 722 receive a concealed weapon or concealed firearm license, he or 723 she is exempt from the background investigation and all 724 background investigation fees but must pay the current license 725 fees regularly required to be paid by nonexempt applicants.

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 726 Further, a law enforcement officer, a correctional officer, or a 727 correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), 728 or (3) is exempt from the required fees and background 729 investigation for 1 year after his or her retirement. 730 (6) 731 (f) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 732 shall, upon receipt of a completed application and the 733 identifying information required under paragraph (5)(f), 734 expedite the processing of a servicemember's or a veteran's 735 concealed weapon or concealed firearm license application. (9) In the event that a concealed weapon or concealed 736 737 firearm license is lost or destroyed, the license shall be 738 automatically invalid, and the person to whom the same was 739 issued may, upon payment of \$15 to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, obtain a duplicate, or substitute 740 741 thereof, upon furnishing a notarized statement to the Department 742 of Agriculture and Consumer Services that such license has been 743 lost or destroyed. 744 (10) A license issued under this section shall be suspended 745 or revoked pursuant to chapter 120 if the licensee: 746 (a) Is found to be ineligible under the criteria set forth

747 in subsection (2);

(b) Develops or sustains a physical infirmity whichprevents the safe handling of a weapon or firearm;

(c) Is convicted of a felony which would make the licenseeineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23;

(d) Is found guilty of a crime under the provisions of chapter 893, or similar laws of any other state, relating to controlled substances;

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 755 (e) Is committed as a substance abuser under chapter 397, 756 or is deemed a habitual offender under s. 856.011(3), or similar 757 laws of any other state; 758 (f) Is convicted of a second violation of s. 316.193, or a 759 similar law of another state, within 3 years after a first 760 conviction of such section or similar law of another state, even 761 though the first violation may have occurred before the date on 762 which the application was submitted; 763 (g) Is adjudicated an incapacitated person under s. 764 744.331, or similar laws of any other state; or (h) Is committed to a mental institution under chapter 394, 765 766 or similar laws of any other state. 767 768 Notwithstanding s. 120.60(5), service of a notice of the 769 suspension or revocation of a concealed weapon or concealed 770 firearm license must be given by either certified mail, return 771 receipt requested, to the licensee at his or her last known 772 mailing address furnished to the Department of Agriculture and 773 Consumer Services, or by personal service. If a notice given by 774 certified mail is returned as undeliverable, a second attempt 775 must be made to provide notice to the licensee at that address, 776 by either first-class mail in an envelope, postage prepaid, 777 addressed to the licensee at his or her last known mailing 778 address furnished to the department, or, if the licensee has 779 provided an e-mail address to the department, by e-mail. Such 780 mailing by the department constitutes notice, and any failure by 781 the licensee to receive such notice does not stay the effective 782 date or term of the suspension or revocation. A request for

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hearing must be filed with the department within 21 days after

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784	notice is received by personal delivery, or within 26 days after
785	the date the department deposits the notice in the United States
786	mail (21 days plus 5 days for mailing). The department shall
787	document its attempts to provide notice, and such documentation
788	is admissible in the courts of this state and constitutes
789	sufficient proof that notice was given.
790	(12)(a) A license issued under this section does not
791	authorize any person to openly carry a handgun or carry a
792	concealed weapon or <u>concealed</u> firearm into:
793	1. Any place of nuisance as defined in s. 823.05;
794	2. Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol station;
795	3. Any detention facility, prison, or jail;
796	4. Any courthouse;
797	5. Any courtroom, except that nothing in this section
798	precludes would preclude a judge from carrying a concealed
799	weapon or concealed firearm or determining who will carry a
800	concealed weapon or concealed firearm in his or her courtroom;
801	6. Any polling place;
802	7. Any meeting of the governing body of a county, public
803	school district, municipality, or special district;
804	8. Any meeting of the Legislature or a committee thereof;
805	9. Any school, college, or professional athletic event not
806	related to firearms;
807	10. Any elementary or secondary school facility or
808	administration building;
809	11. Any career center;
810	12. Any portion of an establishment licensed to dispense
811	alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises, which
812	portion of the establishment is primarily devoted to such

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 813 purpose; 814 13. Any college or university facility unless the licensee 815 is a registered student, employee, or faculty member of such college or university and the weapon is a stun gun or nonlethal 816 817 electric weapon or device designed solely for defensive purposes 818 and the weapon does not fire a dart or projectile; 819 14. The inside of the passenger terminal and sterile area 820 of any airport, provided that no person shall be prohibited from carrying any legal firearm into the terminal, which firearm is 821 822 encased for shipment for purposes of checking such firearm as baggage to be lawfully transported on any aircraft; or 823 824 15. Any place where the carrying of firearms is prohibited 825 by federal law. 826 (b) A person licensed under this section is shall not be 827 prohibited from carrying or storing a firearm in a vehicle for 828 lawful purposes. 829 (c) This section does not modify the terms or conditions of s. 790.251(7). 830 831 (d) Any person who knowingly and willfully violates any 832 provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second 833 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 834 (13) Notwithstanding any other law, for the purposes of 835 safety, security, personal protection, or any other lawful 836 purpose, a person licensed under this section may carry a 837 concealed weapon or concealed firearm on property owned, rented, 838 leased, borrowed, or lawfully used by a church, synagogue, or 839 other religious institution. This subsection does not limit the 840 private property rights of a church, synagogue, or other 841 religious institution to exercise control over property that the

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 842 church, synagoque, or other religious institution owns, rents, 843 leases, borrows, or lawfully uses. 844 (16) The Legislature finds as a matter of public policy and 845 fact that it is necessary to provide statewide uniform standards 846 for issuing licenses to carry concealed weapons and concealed 847 firearms for self-defense and finds it necessary to occupy the 848 field of regulation of the bearing of concealed weapons or 849 concealed firearms for self-defense to ensure that no honest, 850 law-abiding person who qualifies under the provisions of this 851 section is subjectively or arbitrarily denied his or her rights. 852 The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall 853 implement and administer the provisions of this section. The 854 Legislature does not delegate to the Department of Agriculture 855 and Consumer Services the authority to regulate or restrict the 856 issuing of licenses provided for in this section, beyond those 857 provisions contained in this section. Subjective or arbitrary

859 burdens on the applicant beyond those sworn statements and 860 specified documents detailed in this section or which create 861 restrictions beyond those specified in this section are in 862 conflict with the intent of this section and are prohibited. 863 This section shall be liberally construed to carry out the 864 constitutional right to bear arms for self-defense. This section 865 is supplemental and additional to existing rights to bear arms, 866 and nothing in this section shall impair or diminish such 867 rights.

actions or rules which encumber the issuing process by placing

868 Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
869 790.0655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
870 790.0655 Purchase and delivery of firearms; mandatory

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 871 waiting period; exceptions; penalties.-872 (2) The waiting period does not apply in the following 873 circumstances: 874 (a) When a firearm is being purchased by a holder of a 875 concealed weapons or concealed firearms license issued under 876 permit as defined in s. 790.06. 877 Section 12. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (b), (c), 878 and (e) of subsection (2) of section 790.115, Florida Statutes, 879 are amended to read: 790.115 Possessing or discharging weapons or firearms at a 880 881 school-sponsored event or on school property prohibited; 882 penalties; exceptions.-883 (1) A person who exhibits any sword, sword cane, firearm, 884 electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon as defined in s. 790.001 s. 790.001(13), including a razor 885 blade, box cutter, or common pocketknife, except as authorized 886 887 in support of school-sanctioned activities, in the presence of 888 one or more persons in a rude, careless, angry, or threatening 889 manner and not in lawful self-defense, at a school-sponsored 890 event or on the grounds or facilities of any school, school bus, 891 or school bus stop, or within 1,000 feet of the real property 892 that comprises a public or private elementary school, middle 893 school, or secondary school, during school hours or during the 894 time of a sanctioned school activity, commits a felony of the 895 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 896 or s. 775.084. This subsection does not apply to the exhibition 897 of a firearm or weapon on private real property within 1,000 898 feet of a school by the owner of such property or by a person 899 whose presence on such property has been authorized, licensed,

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900	or invited by the owner.
901	(2)(a) A person shall not possess any firearm, electric
902	weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon as defined
903	in <u>s. 790.001</u> s. 790.001(13) , including a razor blade or box
904	cutter, except as authorized in support of school-sanctioned
905	activities, at a school-sponsored event or on the property of
906	any school, school bus, or school bus stop; however, a person
907	may carry a firearm:
908	1. In a case to a firearms program, class or function which
909	has been approved in advance by the principal or chief
910	administrative officer of the school as a program or class to
911	which firearms could be carried;
912	2. In a case to a career center having a firearms training
913	range; or
914	3. In a vehicle pursuant to <u>s. 790.25(4)</u> s. 790.25(5) ;
915	except that school districts may adopt written and published
916	policies that waive the exception in this subparagraph for
917	purposes of student and campus parking privileges.
918	
919	For the purposes of this section, "school" means any preschool,
920	elementary school, middle school, junior high school, secondary
921	school, career center, or postsecondary school, whether public
922	or nonpublic.
923	(b) Except as provided in paragraph (e), a person who
924	willfully and knowingly possesses any electric weapon or device,
925	destructive device, or other weapon as defined in <u>s. 790.001</u> s.
926	790.001(13) , including a razor blade or box cutter, except as
927	authorized in support of school-sanctioned activities, in
928	violation of this subsection commits a felony of the third
1	

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 929 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 930 775.084. 931 (c)1. Except as provided in paragraph (e), a person who 932 willfully and knowingly possesses any firearm in violation of 933 this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable 934 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 935 2. A person who stores or leaves a loaded firearm within 936 the reach or easy access of a minor who obtains the firearm and 937 commits a violation of subparagraph 1. commits a misdemeanor of 938 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 939 775.083; except that this does not apply if the firearm was 940 stored or left in a securely locked box or container or in a 941 location which a reasonable person would have believed to be 942 secure, or was securely locked with a firearm-mounted push-943 button combination lock or a trigger lock; if the minor obtains 944 the firearm as a result of an unlawful entry by any person; or 945 to members of the Armed Forces, National Guard, or State 946 Militia, or to police or other law enforcement officers, with 947 respect to firearm possession by a minor which occurs during or 948 incidental to the performance of their official duties. 949 (e) A person who is authorized to carry a concealed weapon 950 or concealed firearm under s. 790.01(1) and who willfully and 951 knowingly violates paragraph (b) or subparagraph (c)1. commits a 952 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 953 775.082 or s. 775.083 The penalties of this subsection shall not 954 apply to persons licensed under s. 790.06. Persons licensed 955 under s. 790.06 shall be punished as provided in s. 790.06(12), except that a licenseholder who unlawfully discharges a weapon 956 957 or firearm on school property as prohibited by this subsection

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 958 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in 959 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 960 Section 13. Section 790.145, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 14. Subsections (2), (3), and (5) of section 961 962 790.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 963 790.25 Lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms 964 and other weapons.-965 (2) USES NOT AUTHORIZED.-966 (a) This section does not authorize carrying a concealed 967 weapon without a permit, as prohibited by ss. 790.01 and 790.02. (b) The protections of this section do not apply to the 968 969 following: 970 1. A person who has been adjudged mentally incompetent, who is addicted to the use of narcotics or any similar drug, or who 971 972 is a habitual or chronic alcoholic, or a person using weapons or firearms in violation of ss. 790.07-790.115, 790.145-790.19, 973 790.22-790.24; 974 975 2. Vagrants and other undesirable persons as defined in s. 976 856.02; 977 3. A person in or about a place of nuisance as defined in 978 s. 823.05, unless such person is there for law enforcement or 979 some other lawful purpose. 980 (2) (3) LAWFUL USES.-Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 790.01, 790.053, and 790.06, do not apply in the following 981 982 instances, and, despite such sections, it is lawful for the 983 following persons may to own, possess, and lawfully use firearms 984 and other weapons, ammunition, and supplies for lawful purposes

- 985 <u>if they are not otherwise prohibited from owning or possessing a</u> 986 firearm under state or federal law:
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594-02393-23 2023150c1 987 (a) Members of the Militia, National Guard, Florida State 988 Defense Force, Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Space Force, 989 Coast Guard, organized reserves, and other armed forces of the 990 state and of the United States, when on duty, when training or 991 preparing themselves for military duty, or while subject to 992 recall or mobilization: 993 (b) Citizens of this state subject to duty in the Armed 994 Forces under s. 2, Art. X of the State Constitution, under 995 chapters 250 and 251, and under federal laws, when on duty or 996 when training or preparing themselves for military duty; 997 (c) Persons carrying out or training for emergency 998 management duties under chapter 252; 999 (d) Sheriffs, marshals, prison or jail wardens, police 1000 officers, Florida highway patrol officers, game wardens, revenue officers, forest officials, special officers appointed under the 1001 1002 provisions of chapter 354, and other peace and law enforcement 1003 officers and their deputies and assistants and full-time paid 1004 peace officers of other states and of the Federal Government who 1005 are carrying out official duties while in this state; 1006 (e) Officers or employees of the state or United States 1007 duly authorized to carry a concealed weapon or a concealed 1008 firearm; 1009 (f) Guards or messengers of common carriers, express 1010 companies, armored car carriers, mail carriers, banks, and other

1011 financial institutions, while actually employed in and about the 1012 shipment, transportation, or delivery of any money, treasure, 1013 bullion, bonds, or other thing of value within this state;

1014 (g) Regularly enrolled members of any organization duly 1015 authorized to purchase or receive weapons or firearms from the

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1016	United States or from this state, or regularly enrolled members
1017	of clubs organized for target, skeet, or trap shooting, while at
1018	or going to or from shooting practice; or regularly enrolled
1019	members of clubs organized for modern or antique firearms
1020	collecting, while such members are at or going to or from their
1021	collectors' gun shows, conventions, or exhibits;
1022	(h) A person engaged in fishing, camping, or lawful hunting
1023	or going to or returning from a fishing, camping, or lawful
1024	hunting expedition;
1025	(i) A person engaged in the business of manufacturing,
1026	repairing, or dealing in firearms, or the agent or
1027	representative of any such person while engaged in the lawful
1028	course of such business;
1029	(j) A person <u>discharging a weapon or firearm</u> firing weapons
1030	for testing or target practice under safe conditions and in a
1031	safe place not prohibited by law or going to or from such place;
1032	(k) A person <u>discharging a weapon or firearm</u> firing weapons
1033	in a safe and secure indoor range for testing and target
1034	practice;
1035	(l) A person traveling by private conveyance when the
1036	weapon is securely encased or in a public conveyance when the
1037	weapon <u>or firearm</u> is securely encased and not in the person's
1038	manual possession;
1039	(m) A person while carrying a <u>handgun</u> pistol unloaded and
1040	in a secure wrapper, concealed or otherwise, from the place of
1041	purchase to his or her home or place of business or to a place
1042	of repair or back to his or her home or place of business;
1043	(n) A person possessing <u>weapons or firearms</u> arms at his or
1044	her home or place of business;
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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1045 (o) Investigators employed by the several public defenders 1046 of the state, while actually carrying out official duties, provided such investigators: 1047 1048 1. Are employed full time; 1049 2. Meet the official training standards for firearms 1050 established by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 1051 Commission as provided in s. 943.12(5) and the requirements of 1052 ss. 493.6108(1)(a) and 943.13(1)-(4); and 1053 3. Are individually designated by an affidavit of consent 1054 signed by the employing public defender and filed with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the employing public 1055 1056 defender resides. 1057 (p) Investigators employed by the capital collateral 1058 regional counsel, while actually carrying out official duties, 1059 provided such investigators: 1060 1. Are employed full time; 1061 2. Meet the official training standards for firearms as 1062 established by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training 1063 Commission as provided in s. 943.12(1) and the requirements of 1064 ss. 493.6108(1)(a) and 943.13(1)-(4); and 1065 3. Are individually designated by an affidavit of consent 1066 signed by the capital collateral regional counsel and filed with 1067 the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the 1068 investigator is headquartered. (q)1. A tactical medical professional who is actively 1069 1070 operating in direct support of a tactical operation by a law 1071 enforcement agency provided that:

1072a. The tactical medical professional is lawfully able to1073possess firearms and has an active concealed weapon or concealed

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 firearm license weapons permit issued pursuant to s. 790.06. b. The tactical medical professional is appointed to a law enforcement tactical team of a law enforcement agency by the head of the law enforcement agency. c. The law enforcement agency has an established policy providing for the appointment, training, and deployment of the tactical medical professional. d. The tactical medical professional successfully completes a firearms safety training and tactical training as established or designated by the appointing law enforcement agency. e. The law enforcement agency provides and the tactical medical professional participates in annual firearm training and tactical training. 2. While actively operating in direct support of a tactical operation by a law enforcement agency, a tactical medical professional: a. May carry a firearm in the same manner as a law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10 and, notwithstanding any other law, at any place a tactical law enforcement operation occurs. b. Has no duty to retreat and is justified in the use of any force which he or she reasonably believes is necessary to defend himself or herself or another from bodily harm. c. Has the same immunities and privileges as a law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10, in a civil or criminal action arising out of a tactical law enforcement

operation when acting within the scope of his or her official duties.

3. This paragraph may not be construed to authorize a

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1103	tactical medical professional to carry, transport, or store any
1104	firearm or ammunition on any fire apparatus or EMS vehicle.
1105	4. The appointing law enforcement agency shall issue any
1106	firearm or ammunition that the tactical medical professional
1107	carries in accordance with this paragraph.
1108	5. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "tactical
1109	medical professional" means a paramedic, as defined in s.
1110	401.23, a physician, as defined in s. 458.305, or an osteopathic
1111	physician, as defined in s. 459.003, who is appointed to provide
1112	direct support to a tactical law enforcement unit by providing
1113	medical services at high-risk incidents, including, but not
1114	limited to, hostage incidents, narcotics raids, hazardous
1115	surveillance, sniper incidents, armed suicidal persons,
1116	barricaded suspects, high-risk felony warrant service, fugitives
1117	refusing to surrender, and active shooter incidents.
1118	(4)-(5) POSSESSION IN PRIVATE CONVEYANCE
1119	(a) Notwithstanding s. 790.01, a person 18 years of age or
1120	older who is in lawful possession of a handgun or other weapon
1121	may possess such a handgun or weapon within the interior of a
1122	private conveyance if the handgun or weapon is securely encased
1123	or otherwise not readily accessible for immediate use. A person
1124	who possesses a handgun or other weapon as authorized under this
1125	paragraph may not carry the handgun or weapon on his or her
1126	person.
1127	(b) This subsection does not prohibit a person from
1128	carrying a:
1129	1. Legal firearm other than a handgun anywhere in a private
1130	conveyance when such firearm is being carried for a lawful use;
1131	or
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1160

594-02393-23 2023150c1 1132 2. Concealed weapon or concealed firearm on his or her 1133 person while in a private conveyance if he or she is authorized 1134 to carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm under s. 1135 790.01(1). 1136 (c) This subsection shall be liberally construed in favor 1137 of the lawful use, ownership, and possession of firearms and 1138 other weapons, including lawful self-defense as provided in s. 1139 776.012. Notwithstanding subsection (2), it is lawful and is not a violation of s. 790.01 for a person 18 years of age or older 1140 1141 to possess a concealed firearm or other weapon for self-defense 1142 or other lawful purpose within the interior of a private conveyance, without a license, if the firearm or other weapon is 1143 1144 securely encased or is otherwise not readily accessible for 1145 immediate use. Nothing herein contained prohibits the carrying 1146 of a legal firearm other than a handgun anywhere in a private 1147 conveyance when such firearm is being carried for a lawful use. 1148 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the 1149 carrying of a concealed firearm or other weapon on the person. 1150 This subsection shall be liberally construed in favor of the 1151 lawful use, ownership, and possession of firearms and other 1152 weapons, including lawful self-defense as provided in s. 776.012. 1153 1154 Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and paragraph 1155 (c) of subsection (4) of section 790.251, Florida Statutes, are 1156 amended to read: 1157 790.251 Protection of the right to keep and bear arms in 1158 motor vehicles for self-defense and other lawful purposes; 1159 prohibited acts; duty of public and private employers; immunity

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from liability; enforcement.-

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1161	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
1162	(c) "Employee" means any person who is authorized to carry
1163	a concealed weapon or concealed firearm under s. 790.01(1)
1164	possesses a valid license issued pursuant to s. 790.06 and:
1165	1. Works for salary, wages, or other remuneration;
1166	2. Is an independent contractor; or
1167	3. Is a volunteer, intern, or other similar individual for
1168	an employer.
1169	
1170	As used in this section, the term "firearm" includes ammunition
1171	and accoutrements attendant to the lawful possession and use of
1172	a firearm.
1173	(4) PROHIBITED ACTS.—No public or private employer may
1174	violate the constitutional rights of any customer, employee, or
1175	invitee as provided in paragraphs (a)-(e):
1176	(c) No public or private employer shall condition
1177	employment upon either:
1178	1. The fact that an employee or prospective employee ${ m is}$
1179	authorized to carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm
1180	under s. 790.01(1) holds or does not hold a license issued
1181	pursuant to s. 790.06 ; or
1182	2. Any agreement by an employee or a prospective employee
1183	that prohibits an employee from keeping a legal firearm locked
1184	inside or locked to a private motor vehicle in a parking lot
1185	when such firearm is kept for lawful purposes.
1186	
1187	This subsection applies to all public sector employers,
1188	including those already prohibited from regulating firearms
1189	under the provisions of s. 790.33.
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1190	Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
1191	790.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1192	790.31 Armor-piercing or exploding ammunition or dragon's
1193	breath shotgun shells, bolo shells, or flechette shells
1194	prohibited
1195	(1) As used in this section, the term:
1196	(c) "Handgun" means a firearm capable of being carried and
1197	used by one hand, such as a pistol or revolver.
1198	Section 17. Effective upon becoming a law, section
1199	943.6873, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1200	943.6873 Active assailant response policyFor the
1201	protection of all persons in this state, it is necessary and
1202	required that every law enforcement agency in this state be
1203	prepared to respond to an active assailant event. To be
1204	adequately prepared, each law enforcement agency must create and
1205	maintain an active assailant response policy.
1206	(1) By October 1, 2023, each law enforcement agency in this
1207	state shall have a written active assailant response policy
1208	that:
1209	(a) Is consistent with the agency's response capabilities;
1210	and
1211	(b) Includes response procedures specifying the command
1212	protocol and coordination with other law enforcement agencies.
1213	(2)(a) The department shall make the model active assailant
1214	response policy developed by the Marjory Stoneman Douglas High
1215	School Public Safety Commission available on its website. The
1216	department may also make available any other policies deemed
1217	appropriate by the executive director which may guide a law
1218	enforcement agency in developing its active assailant response

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1219 policy. 1220 (b) Each law enforcement agency must review the model 1221 active assailant response policy developed by the Marjory 1222 Stoneman Douglas High School Public Safety Commission when 1223 developing its active assailant response policy. 1224 (3) Each law enforcement agency shall ensure that all of 1225 its sworn personnel have been trained on the agency's existing 1226 active assailant response policy, or that sworn personnel are 1227 trained within 180 days after enacting a new or revised policy. 1228 Each law enforcement agency must ensure that all of its sworn 1229 personnel receive, at minimum, annual training on the active 1230 assailant response policy. 1231 (4) By October 1, 2023, each law enforcement agency shall 1232 provide written certification to the department from the head of 1233 the law enforcement agency verifying that the agency has 1234 officially adopted a written active assailant response policy. 1235 (5) By January 1, 2024, the department shall submit a 1236 report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 1237 Speaker of the House of Representatives identifying each law 1238 enforcement agency that has not complied with the requirements 1239 of this section. 1240 Section 18. Effective upon becoming a law, subsections (12) and (13) of section 1001.212, Florida Statutes, are amended to 1241 1242 read: 1001.212 Office of Safe Schools.-There is created in the 1243 1244 Department of Education the Office of Safe Schools. The office 1245 is fully accountable to the Commissioner of Education. The 1246 office shall serve as a central repository for best practices, 1247 training standards, and compliance oversight in all matters

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1248 regarding school safety and security, including prevention 1249 efforts, intervention efforts, and emergency preparedness 1250 planning. The office shall: 1251 (12) Develop a statewide behavioral threat management 1252 operational process, a Florida-specific behavioral threat 1253 assessment instrument, and a threat management portal. 1254 (a)1. By December 1, 2023, the office shall develop a 1255 statewide behavioral threat management operational process to 1256 guide school districts, schools, charter school governing 1257 boards, and charter schools through the threat management 1258 process. The process must be designed to identify, assess, 1259 manage, and monitor potential and real threats to schools. This process must include, but is not limited to: 1260 1261 a. The establishment and duties of threat management teams. 1262 b. Defining behavioral risks and threats. 1263 c. The use of the Florida-specific behavioral threat 1264 assessment instrument developed pursuant to paragraph (b) to 1265 evaluate the behavior of students who may pose a threat to the 1266 school, school staff, or other students and to coordinate 1267 intervention and services for such students. 1268 d. Upon the availability of the threat management portal 1269 developed pursuant to paragraph (c), the use, authorized user 1270 criteria, and access specifications of the portal. 1271 e. Procedures for the implementation of interventions, 1272 school support, and community services. f. Guidelines for appropriate law enforcement intervention. 1273 1274 q. Procedures for risk management. 1275 h. Procedures for disciplinary actions.

i. Mechanisms for continued monitoring of potential and

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1277 real threats. 1278 j. Procedures for referrals to mental health services 1279 identified by the school district or charter school governing 1280 board pursuant to s. 1012.584(4). 1281 k. Procedures and requirements necessary for the creation 1282 of a threat assessment report, all corresponding documentation, 1283 and any other information required by the Florida-specific 1284 behavioral threat assessment instrument under paragraph (b). 1285 2. Upon availability, each school district, school, charter 1286 school governing board, and charter school must use the 1287 statewide behavioral threat management operational process. 1288 3. The office shall provide training to all school 1289 districts, schools, charter school governing boards, and charter 1290 schools on the statewide behavioral threat management 1291 operational process. 1292 4. The office shall coordinate the ongoing development, 1293 implementation, and operation of the statewide behavioral threat 1294 management operational process. (b)1. By August 1, 2023 2019, the office shall develop a 1295 1296 Florida-specific standardized, statewide behavioral threat 1297 assessment instrument for school districts, schools, charter 1298 school governing boards, and charter schools to use to evaluate 1299 the behavior of students who may pose a threat to the school, 1300 school staff, or students and to coordinate intervention and 1301 services for such students. The Florida-specific behavioral 1302 threat assessment instrument must include, but is not limited 1303 to: use by all public schools, including charter schools, which 1304 addresses early identification, evaluation, early intervention, 1305 and student support.

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1306 (a) The standardized, statewide behavioral threat 1307 assessment instrument must include, but need not be limited to, 1308 components and forms that address: 1309 a.1. An assessment of the threat, which includes an 1310 assessment of the student, family, and school and social 1311 dynamics. 1312 b.2. An evaluation to determine whether a threat exists and, if so, if the type of threat is transient or substantive. 1313 c.3. The response to a substantive threat, which includes 1314 1315 the school response, and the role of law enforcement agencies in 1316 the response, and the response by mental health providers. 1317 d.4. The response to a serious substantive threat, 1318 including mental health and law enforcement referrals. 1319 5. Ongoing monitoring to assess implementation of threat 1320 management and safety strategies. 1321 e. Ongoing monitoring to evaluate interventions and support 1322 provided to the students. 1323 f. A standardized threat assessment report, which must 1324 include, but need not be limited to, all documentation 1325 associated with the evaluation, intervention, management, and 1326 any ongoing monitoring of the threat. 1327 2. A report, all corresponding documentation, and any other 1328 information required by the instrument in the threat management 1329 portal under paragraph (c) is an education record and may not be 1330 retained, maintained, or transferred, except in accordance with 1331 State Board of Education rule. 1332 3. Upon availability, each school district, school, charter school governing board, and charter school must use the Florida-1333 1334 specific behavioral threat assessment instrument.

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1335 4.6. The office shall provide training for members of 1336 threat management assessment teams established under s. 1006.07(7) and for all school districts and charter school 1337 1338 governing boards school administrators regarding the use of the 1339 Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument. 1340 (c)1. By August 1, 2025, the office shall develop, host, 1341 maintain, and administer a threat management portal that will 1342 digitize the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment 1343 instrument for use by each school district, school, charter school governing board, and charter school. The portal will also 1344 1345 facilitate the electronic threat assessment reporting and 1346 documentation as required by the Florida-specific behavioral 1347 threat assessment instrument to evaluate the behavior of 1348 students who may pose a threat to the school, school staff, or 1349 students and to coordinate intervention and services for such 1350 students. The portal may not provide the office with access to 1351 the portal unless authorized in accordance with State Board of 1352 Education rule. The portal must include, but need not be limited 1353 to, the following functionalities: 1354 a. Workflow processes that align with the statewide 1355 behavioral threat management operational process. 1356 b. Direct data entry and file uploading as required by the 1357 Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument. 1358 c. The ability to create a threat assessment report as 1359 required by the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment 1360 instrument. 1361 d. The ability of authorized personnel to add to or update a threat assessment report, all corresponding documentation, or 1362 1363 any other information required by the Florida-specific

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1364	behavioral threat assessment instrument.
1365	e. The ability to create and remove connections between
1366	education records in the portal and authorized personnel.
1367	f. The ability to grant access to and securely transfer any
1368	education records in the portal to other schools or charter
1369	schools in the district.
1370	g. The ability to grant access to and securely transfer any
1371	education records in the portal to schools and charter schools
1372	not in the originating district.
1373	h. The ability to retain, maintain, and transfer education
1374	records in the portal in accordance with State Board of
1375	Education rule.
1376	i. The ability to restrict access to, entry of,
1377	modification of, and transfer of education records in the portal
1378	to a school district, school, charter school governing board, or
1379	charter school and authorized personnel as specified by the
1380	statewide behavioral threat management operational process.
1381	j. The ability to designate school district or charter
1382	school governing board system administrators who may grant
1383	access to authorized school district and charter school
1384	governing board personnel and school and charter school system
1385	administrators.
1386	k. The ability to designate school or charter school system
1387	administrators who may grant access to authorized school or
1388	charter school personnel.
1389	1. The ability to notify the office's system administrators
1390	and school district or charter school governing board system
1391	administrators of attempts to access any education records by
1392	unauthorized personnel.

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1393	2. Upon availability, each school district, school, charter
1394	school governing board, and charter school shall use the portal.
1395	3. A threat assessment report, all corresponding
1396	documentation, and any other information required by the
1397	Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument which
1398	is maintained in the portal is an education record and may not
1399	be retained, maintained, or transferred, except in accordance
1400	with State Board of Education rule.
1401	4. The office and the office system administrators may not
1402	have access to a threat assessment report, all corresponding
1403	documentation, and any other information required by the
1404	Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument which
1405	is maintained in the portal.
1406	5. A school district or charter school governing board may
1407	not have access to the education records in the portal, except
1408	in accordance with State Board of Education rule.
1409	6. The parent of a student may access his or her student's
1410	education records in the portal in accordance with State Board
1411	of Education rule, but may not have access to the portal.
1412	7. The office shall develop and implement a quarterly $\frac{1}{2}$
1413	portal access review audit process.
1414	8. Upon availability, each school district, school, charter
1415	school governing board, and charter school shall comply with the
1416	quarterly portal access review audit process developed by the
1417	office.
1418	9. By August 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, the office
1419	shall provide role-based training to all authorized school
1420	district, school, charter school governing board, and charter
1421	school personnel.

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1422	10. Any individual who accesses, uses, or releases any
1423	education record contained in the portal for a purpose not
1424	specifically authorized by law commits a noncriminal infraction,
1425	punishable by a fine not exceeding \$2,000.
1426	<u>(d)</u> The office shall :
1427	1. by August 1 <u>of each year:</u> , 2020,
1428	1. Evaluate each school district's and charter school
1429	governing board's use of the statewide behavioral threat
1430	management operational process, the Florida-specific behavioral
1431	threat assessment instrument, and the threat management portal
1432	procedures for compliance with this subsection.
1433	2. Notify the district school superintendent or charter
1434	school governing board, as applicable, if the <u>use of the</u>
1435	statewide behavioral threat management operational process, the
1436	Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument, and
1437	the threat management portal is not in compliance with this
1438	subsection.
1439	3. Report any issues of ongoing noncompliance with this
1440	subsection to the commissioner and the district school
1441	superintendent or the charter school governing board, as
1442	applicable.
1443	(13) Establish the Statewide Threat Assessment Database
1444	Workgroup, composed of members appointed by the department, to
1445	complement the work of the department and the Department of Law
1446	Enforcement associated with the centralized integrated data
1447	repository and data analytics resources initiative and make
1448	recommendations regarding the development of a statewide threat
1449	assessment database. The database must allow authorized public
1450	school personnel to enter information related to any threat
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1451	assessment conducted at their respective schools using the
1452	instrument developed by the office pursuant to subsection (12),
1453	and must provide such information to authorized personnel in
1454	each school district and public school and to appropriate
1455	stakeholders. By December 31, 2019, the workgroup shall provide
1456	a report to the office with recommendations that include, but
1457	need not be limited to:
1458	(a) Threat assessment data that should be required to be
1459	entered into the database.
1460	(b) School district and public school personnel who should
1461	be allowed to input student records to the database and view
1462	such records.
1463	(c) Database design and functionality, to include data
1464	security.
1465	(d) Restrictions and authorities on information sharing,
1466	including:
1467	1. Section 1002.22 and other applicable state laws.
1468	2. The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA),
1469	20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, 42 C.F.R. part 2; the Health Insurance
1470	Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), 42 U.S.C. s. 1320d6,
1471	45 C.F.R. part 164, subpart E; and other applicable federal
1472	laws.
1473	3. The appropriateness of interagency agreements that will
1474	allow law enforcement to view database records.
1475	(e) The cost to develop and maintain a statewide online
1476	database.
1477	(f) An implementation plan and timeline for the workgroup
1478	recommendations.
1479	Section 19. Effective upon becoming a law, the State Board
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1480	of Education may, and all conditions are deemed met, to adopt
1481	emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for
1482	the purpose of implementing the amendments made to s.
1483	1001.212(12), Florida Statutes, by this act. Notwithstanding any
1484	other law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to this section are
1485	effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during
1486	the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing
1487	the subject of the emergency rules. This section expires July 1,
1488	2024.
1489	Section 20. Subsection (18) is added to section 1002.42,
1490	Florida Statutes, to read:
1491	1002.42 Private schools
1492	(18) SAFE SCHOOL OFFICERS.—
1493	(a) A private school may partner with a law enforcement
1494	agency or a security agency to establish or assign one or more
1495	safe-school officers established in s. 1006.12(1)-(4). The
1496	private school is responsible for the full cost of implementing
1497	any such option, which includes all training costs under the
1498	Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program under s. 30.15(1)(k).
1499	(b) A private school that establishes a safe-school officer
1500	must comply with the requirements of s. 1006.12. References to a
1501	school district, district school board, or district school
1502	superintendent in s. 1006.12(1)-(5) shall also mean a private
1503	school governing board or private school head of school, as
1504	applicable. References to a school district employee in s.
1505	1006.12(3) shall also mean a private school employee.
1506	Section 21. Effective upon becoming a law, subsection (2)
1507	of section 1003.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1508	1003.25 Procedures for maintenance and transfer of student

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1509 records.-1510 (2) The procedure for transferring and maintaining records 1511 of students who transfer from school to school is shall be 1512 prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education. The 1513 transfer of records must shall occur within 3 school days. The 1514 records must shall include, if applicable: 1515 (a) Verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior 1516 patterns, including any threat assessment report, all 1517 corresponding documentation, and any other information required 1518 by the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument 1519 pursuant to s. 1001.212(12) which contains the evaluation, 1520 evaluations and intervention, and management of the threat 1521 assessment evaluations and intervention services. (b) Psychological evaluations, including therapeutic 1522 1523 treatment plans and therapy or progress notes created or 1524 maintained by school district or charter school staff, as 1525 appropriate. 1526 Section 22. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraph (b) of 1527 subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (6), and subsections 1528 (7) and (9) of section 1006.07, Florida Statutes, are amended to 1529 read: 1530 1006.07 District school board duties relating to student 1531 discipline and school safety.-The district school board shall 1532 provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the 1533 attendance and control of students at school, and for proper 1534 attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the 1535 welfare of students, including: 1536 (4) EMERGENCY DRILLS; EMERGENCY PROCEDURES.-1537 (b) Provide timely notification to parents of threats

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1538	pursuant to policies adopted under subsection (7) and the
1539	following unlawful acts or significant emergencies that occur on
1540	school grounds, during school transportation, or during school-
1541	sponsored activities:
1542	1. Weapons possession or use when there is intended harm
1543	toward another person, hostage, and active assailant situations.
1544	The active assailant situation training for each school must
1545	engage the participation of the district school safety
1546	specialist, threat <u>management</u> assessment team members, faculty,
1547	staff, and students and must be conducted by the law enforcement
1548	agency or agencies that are designated as first responders to
1549	the school's campus.
1550	2. Murder, homicide, or manslaughter.
1551	3. Sex offenses, including rape, sexual assault, or sexual
1552	misconduct with a student by school personnel.
1553	4. Natural emergencies, including hurricanes, tornadoes,
1554	and severe storms.
1555	5. Exposure as a result of a manmade emergency.
1556	(6) SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICESEach district
1557	school superintendent shall establish policies and procedures
1558	for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the
1559	assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior
1560	poses a threat to the safety of the school community.
1561	(b) Mental health coordinatorEach district school board
1562	shall identify a mental health coordinator for the district. The
1563	mental health coordinator shall serve as the district's primary
1564	point of contact regarding the district's coordination,
1565	communication, and implementation of student mental health
1566	policies, procedures, responsibilities, and reporting,
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594-02393-23 2023150c1 including: 1. Coordinating with the Office of Safe Schools, established pursuant to s. 1001.212. 2. Maintaining records and reports regarding student mental health as it relates to school safety and the mental health assistance allocation under s. 1011.62(14). 3. Facilitating the implementation of school district policies relating to the respective duties and responsibilities of the school district, the superintendent, and district school principals. 4. Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the staffing and training of threat management assessment teams and facilitating referrals to mental health services, as appropriate, for students and their families. 5. Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the training and resources for students and school district staff relating to youth mental health awareness and assistance. 6. Reviewing annually the school district's policies and

1585 procedures related to student mental health for compliance with 1586 state law and alignment with current best practices and making 1587 recommendations, as needed, for amending such policies and 1588 procedures to the superintendent and the district school board.

(7) THREAT <u>MANAGEMENT</u> ASSESSMENT TEAMS.—Each district school board <u>and charter school governing board</u> shall <u>establish</u> <u>a adopt policies for the establishment of</u> threat <u>management team</u> assessment teams at each school whose duties include the coordination of resources and assessment and intervention with <u>students</u> <u>individuals</u> whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of <u>the school</u>, school staff, or students consistent with

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1596	the model policies developed by the Office of Safe Schools. Such
1597	policies must include procedures for referrals to mental health
1598	services identified by the school district pursuant to s.
1599	1012.584(4), when appropriate, and procedures for behavioral
1600	threat assessments in compliance with the instrument developed
1601	pursuant to s. 1001.212(12).
1602	(a) Upon the availability of a statewide behavioral threat
1603	management operational process developed pursuant to s.
1604	1001.212(12), all threat management teams shall use the
1605	operational process.
1606	(b) (a) A threat management assessment team shall include
1607	persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school
1608	administration, and law enforcement. All members of the threat
1609	<u>management</u> assessment team must be involved in the threat
1610	assessment and threat management process and final
1611	decisionmaking. At least one member of the threat management
1612	team must have personal familiarity with the individual who is
1613	the subject of the threat assessment. If no member of the threat
1614	management team has such familiarity, an instructional personnel
1615	or administrative personnel, as those terms are defined in s.
1616	1012.01(2) and (3), who is personally familiar with the
1617	individual who is the subject of the threat assessment must
1618	consult with the threat management team for the purpose of
1619	assessing the threat. The instructional or administrative
1620	personnel who provides such consultation shall not participate
1621	in the decisionmaking process.
1622	(c) The threat management team assessment teams shall
1623	identify members of the school community to whom threatening

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behavior should be reported and provide guidance to students,

594-02393-23 2023150c1 1625 faculty, and staff regarding recognition of threatening or 1626 aberrant behavior that may represent a threat to the community, 1627 school, or self. 1628 (d) Upon the availability of the Florida-specific 1629 behavioral threat assessment instrument developed pursuant to s. 1630 1001.212(12), all the threat management teams assessment team 1631 shall use that instrument when evaluating the behavior of students who may pose a threat to the school, school staff, or 1632 1633 students and to coordinate intervention and services for such 1634 students. (e) (b) Upon a preliminary determination that a student 1635 1636 poses a threat of violence or physical harm to himself or 1637 herself or others, a threat management assessment team shall 1638 immediately report its determination to the superintendent or 1639 his or her designee. The superintendent or his or her designee 1640 or the charter school administrator or his or her designee shall immediately attempt to notify the student's parent or legal 1641 1642 guardian. Nothing in this subsection precludes shall preclude 1643 school district or charter school governing board personnel from 1644 acting immediately to address an imminent threat. 1645 (f) (c) Upon a preliminary determination by the threat

1646 management assessment team that a student poses a threat of violence to himself or herself or others or exhibits 1647 significantly disruptive behavior or need for assistance, 1648 1649 authorized members of the threat management assessment team may 1650 obtain criminal history record information pursuant to s. 1651 985.04(1). A member of a threat management assessment team may 1652 not disclose any criminal history record information obtained 1653 pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an

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594-02393-232023150c11654individual beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made1655to the threat management assessment team.

1656 (g) (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all 1657 state and local agencies and programs that provide services to 1658 students experiencing or at risk of an emotional disturbance or 1659 a mental illness, including the school districts, charter 1660 schools, school personnel, state and local law enforcement 1661 agencies, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of 1662 Children and Families, the Department of Health, the Agency for 1663 Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with 1664 Disabilities, the Department of Education, the Statewide 1665 Guardian Ad Litem Office, and any service or support provider 1666 contracting with such agencies, may share with each other 1667 records or information that are confidential or exempt from 1668 disclosure under chapter 119 if the records or information are 1669 reasonably necessary to ensure access to appropriate services 1670 for the student or to ensure the safety of the student or 1671 others. All such state and local agencies and programs shall 1672 communicate, collaborate, and coordinate efforts to serve such 1673 students.

1674 $(h) \rightarrow (e)$ If an immediate mental health or substance abuse 1675 crisis is suspected, school personnel shall follow steps 1676 policies established by the threat management assessment team to 1677 engage behavioral health crisis resources. Behavioral health 1678 crisis resources, including, but not limited to, mobile crisis 1679 teams and school resource officers trained in crisis 1680 intervention, shall provide emergency intervention and 1681 assessment, make recommendations, and refer the student for 1682 appropriate services. Onsite school personnel shall report all

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1683 such situations and actions taken to the threat management 1684 assessment team, which shall contact the other agencies involved 1685 with the student and any known service providers to share 1686 information and coordinate any necessary followup actions. Upon 1687 the student's transfer to a different school, the threat 1688 management assessment team shall verify that any intervention 1689 services provided to the student remain in place until the 1690 threat management assessment team of the receiving school 1691 independently determines the need for intervention services. 1692 (i) The threat management team shall prepare a threat 1693 assessment report required by the Florida-specific behavioral 1694 threat assessment instrument developed pursuant to s. 1695 1001.212(12). A threat assessment report, all corresponding 1696 documentation, and any other information required by the 1697 Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument in the 1698 threat management portal is an education record. 1699 (j) (f) Each threat management assessment team established 1700 pursuant to this subsection shall report quantitative data on 1701 its activities to the Office of Safe Schools in accordance with 1702 guidance from the office and shall utilize the threat assessment 1703 database developed pursuant to s. 1001.212(13) upon the 1704 availability of the database.

(9) SCHOOL ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY INCIDENT REPORTING.-Each
district school board shall adopt policies to ensure the
accurate and timely reporting of incidents related to school
safety and discipline. The district school superintendent is
responsible for school environmental safety incident reporting.
A district school superintendent who fails to comply with this
subsection is subject to the penalties specified in law,

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1712	including, but not limited to, s. 1001.42(13)(b) or s.
1713	1001.51(12)(b), as applicable. The State Board of Education
1714	shall adopt rules establishing the requirements for the school
1715	environmental safety incident report, including those incidents
1716	that must be reported to a law enforcement agency. Annually, the
1717	department shall publish on its website the most recently
1718	available school environmental safety incident data along with
1719	other school accountability and performance data in a uniform,
1720	statewide format that is easy to read and understand.
1721	Section 23. Effective upon becoming a law:
1722	(1) The State Board of Education is authorized, and all
1723	conditions are deemed met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to
1724	s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing
1725	the amendments made to s. 1006.07(9), Florida Statutes. The
1726	Legislature finds that school district discretion over reporting
1727	criminal incidents to law enforcement has resulted in
1728	significant under-reporting of serious crimes. The Legislature
1729	further finds that emergency rulemaking authority is necessary
1730	to ensure that all reportable incidents that are crimes are
1731	reported to law enforcement as soon as practicable starting in
1732	the 2023-2024 school year. Emergency rules adopted under this
1733	section are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c), Florida Statutes, and
1734	shall remain in effect until replaced by rules adopted under the
1735	nonemergency rulemaking procedures of chapter 120, Florida
1736	Statutes, which must occur no later than July 1, 2024.
1737	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency
1738	rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6
1739	months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of
1740	procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1741 the emergency rules. 1742 Section 24. Effective upon becoming a law, section 1743 1006.121, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 1744 1006.121 Florida Safe Schools Canine Program.-1745 (1) CREATION AND PURPOSE.-1746 (a) The Department of Education, through the Office of Safe 1747 Schools pursuant to s. 1001.212, shall establish the Florida 1748 Safe Schools Canine Program for the purpose of designating a 1749 person, school, or business entity as a Florida Safe Schools 1750 Canine Partner if the person, school, or business entity 1751 provides a monetary or in-kind donation to a law enforcement 1752 agency to purchase, train, or care for a firearm detection 1753 canine. The office shall consult with the Florida Police Chiefs 1754 Association and the Florida Sheriffs Association in creating the 1755 program. 1756 (b) The presence of firearm detection canines at K-12 schools contributes to a safe school community, furthering a 1757 1758 communitywide investment and engagement in school safety and 1759 public safety initiatives. The program seeks to foster 1760 relationships between schools, local businesses, and law 1761 enforcement, promoting trust and confidence in the ability of 1762 law enforcement to keep schools and communities safe. Firearm 1763 detection canines act as liaisons between students and law 1764 enforcement agencies and serve as ambassadors for a law 1765 enforcement agency to improve community engagement. K-12 schools 1766 and students are encouraged to partner with law enforcement to 1767 raise funds in the local community for the monetary or in-kind donations needed to purchase, train, or care for a firearm 1768

1769 detection canine. This includes building relationships with

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1770	local businesses that support school safety by providing
1771	monetary or in-kind donations to help with the ongoing care and
1772	expenses of a firearm detection canine which include, but are
1773	not limited to, veterinary care such as wellness checks and
1774	medicine; food; interactive and training toys; grooming; and
1775	necessary equipment such as collars and leads.
1776	(2) DEFINITIONAs used in this section, the term "firearm
1777	detection canine" means any canine that is owned or the service
1778	of which is employed by a law enforcement agency for use in K-12
1779	schools for the primary purpose of aiding in the detection of
1780	firearms and ammunition.
1781	(3) CANINE REQUIREMENTSA firearm detection canine must be
1782	trained to interact with children and must complete behavior and
1783	temperament training. A firearm detection canine may also be
1784	trained as an animal-assisted therapy canine.
1785	(4) ELIGIBILITY
1786	(a) A law enforcement agency may nominate a person, school,
1787	or business entity to be designated as a Florida Safe Schools
1788	Canine Partner, or such person, school, or business entity may
1789	apply to the office to be designated as a Florida Safe Schools
1790	Canine Partner if a monetary or an in-kind donation is made to a
1791	law enforcement agency for the purchase, training, or care of a
1792	firearm detection canine.
1793	(b) The nomination or application to the office for
1794	designation as a Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner must, at
1795	minimum, include all of the following:
1796	1. The name, address, and contact information of the
1797	person, school, or business entity.
1798	2. The name, address, and contact information of the law

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1799 enforcement agency. 1800 3. Whether the donation was monetary or in kind. 1801 4. The amount of the donation or type of in-kind donation. 1802 5. Documentation from the law enforcement agency 1803 certifying: 1804 a. The date of receipt of the monetary or in-kind donation 1805 by the person, school, or business entity; and 1806 b. The monetary or in-kind donation by person, school, or 1807 business entity is for the purchase, training, or care of a 1808 firearm detection canine. 1809 (c) The office shall adopt procedures for the nomination 1810 and application processes for a Florida Safe Schools Canine 1811 Partner. 1812 (5) DESIGNATION AND AWARD.-1813 (a) The office shall determine whether a person, school, or 1814 business entity, based on the information provided in the 1815 nomination or application, meets the requirements in subsection 1816 (4). The office may request additional information from the 1817 person, school, or business entity. 1818 (b)1. A nominated person, school, or business entity that 1819 meets the requirements shall be notified by the office regarding 1820 the nominee's eligibility to be awarded a designation as a 1821 Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner. 1822 2. The nominee shall have 30 days after receipt of the 1823 notice to certify that the information in the notice is true and 1824 accurate and accept the nomination, to provide corrected 1825 information for consideration by the office and indicate an intention to accept the nomination, or to decline the 1826 1827 nomination. If the nominee accepts the nomination, the office

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1828	shall award the designation. The office may not award the
1829	designation if the nominee declines the nomination or has not
1830	accepted the nomination within 30 days after receiving notice.
1831	(c) An applicant person, school, or business entity that
1832	meets the requirements shall be notified and awarded a
1833	designation as a Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner.
1834	(d) The office shall adopt procedures for the designation
1835	process of a Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner. Designation as
1836	a Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner does not establish or
1837	involve licensure, does not affect the substantial interests of
1838	a party, and does not constitute a final agency action. The
1839	Florida Safe Schools Canine Program and designation are not
1840	subject to chapter 120.
1841	(6) LOGO DEVELOPMENT
1842	(a) The office shall develop a logo that identifies a
1843	person, school, or business entity that is designated as a
1844	Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner.
1845	(b) The office shall adopt guidelines and requirements for
1846	the use of the logo, including how the logo may be used in
1847	advertising. The office may allow a person, school, or business
1848	entity to display a Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner logo
1849	upon designation. A person, school, or business entity that has
1850	not been designated as a Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner or
1851	has elected to discontinue its designated status may not display
1852	the logo.
1853	(7) WEBSITEThe office shall establish a page on the
1854	department's website for the Florida Safe Schools Canine
1855	Program. At a minimum, the page must provide a list, updated
1856	quarterly, of persons, schools, or business entities, by county,

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1857	which currently have the Florida Safe Schools Canine Partner
1858	designation and information regarding the eligibility
1859	requirements for the designation and the method of application
1860	or nomination.
1861	(8) RULESThe State Board of Education shall adopt rules
1862	to administer this section.
1863	Section 25. Effective upon becoming a law, subsections (1),
1864	(2), and (8) of section 1006.13, Florida Statutes, are amended
1865	to read:
1866	1006.13 Policy of zero tolerance for crime and
1867	victimization
1868	(1) District school boards shall promote a safe and
1869	supportive learning environment in schools by protecting
1870	students and staff from conduct that poses a threat to school
1871	safety. A threat <u>management</u> assessment team may use alternatives
1872	to expulsion or referral to law enforcement agencies to address
1873	disruptive behavior through restitution, civil citation, teen
1874	court, neighborhood restorative justice, or similar programs.
1875	Zero-tolerance policies may not be rigorously applied to petty
1876	acts of misconduct. Zero-tolerance policies must apply equally
1877	to all students regardless of their economic status, race, or
1878	disability.
1879	(2) Each district school board shall adopt a policy of zero
1880	tolerance that:
1881	(a) Identifies acts that are required to be reported under
1882	the school environmental safety incident reporting pursuant to
1883	s. 1006.07(9) Defines criteria for reporting to a law
1884	enforcement agency any act that poses a threat to school safety
1885	that occurs whenever or wherever students are within the

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1886 jurisdiction of the district school board. 1887 (b) Defines acts that pose a threat to school safety. (c) Defines petty acts of misconduct which are not a threat to school safety and do not require consultation with law enforcement. (d) Minimizes the victimization of students, staff, or volunteers, including taking all steps necessary to protect the victim of any violent crime from any further victimization. 1894 (e) Establishes a procedure that provides each student with 1895 the opportunity for a review of the disciplinary action imposed 1896 pursuant to s. 1006.07. 1897 (f) Requires the threat management assessment team to consult with law enforcement when a student exhibits a pattern 1898 1899 of behavior, based upon previous acts or the severity of an act_{τ} 1900 that would pose a threat to school safety. 1901 (8) A threat management assessment team may use 1902 alternatives to expulsion or referral to law enforcement 1903 agencies unless the use of such alternatives will pose a threat 1904 to school safety. 1905 Section 26. Section 790.1612, Florida Statutes, is amended 1906 to read: 1907 790.1612 Authorization for governmental manufacture, 1908 possession, and use of destructive devices.-The governing body 1909 of any municipality or county and the Division of State Fire 1910 Marshal of the Department of Financial Services have the power 1911 to authorize the manufacture, possession, and use of destructive 1912 devices as defined in s. 790.001 s. 790.001(4).

Section 27. Subsection (1) of section 810.095, Florida 1913 1914 Statutes, is amended to read:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1915	810.095 Trespass on school property with firearm or other			
1916	weapon prohibited			
1917	(1) It is a f	felony of	the third degree, punishable as	
1918	provided in s. 775	5.082, s.	775.083, or s. 775.084, for a person	
1919	who is trespassing	g upon sch	ool property to bring onto, or to	
1920	possess on, such s	chool pro	perty any weapon as defined in <u>s.</u>	
1921	<u>790.001</u> s. 790.001	.(13) or a	ny firearm.	
1922	Section 28. B	Paragraph	(e) of subsection (3) of section	
1923	921.0022, Florida	Statutes,	is amended to read:	
1924	921.0022 Crim	ninal Puni	shment Code; offense severity ranking	
1925	chart			
1926	(3) OFFENSE S	SEVERITY R	ANKING CHART	
1927	(e) LEVEL 5			
1928				
	Florida	Felony	Description	
	Statute	Degree		
1929				
	316.027(2)(a)	3rd	Accidents involving personal	
			injuries other than serious	
			bodily injury, failure to	
			stop; leaving scene.	
1930				
	316.1935(4)(a)	2nd	Aggravated fleeing or eluding.	
1931				
	316.80(2)	2nd	Unlawful conveyance of fuel;	
			obtaining fuel fraudulently.	
1932				
	322.34(6)	3rd	Careless operation of motor	
			vehicle with suspended	
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			license, resulting in death or
			serious bodily injury.
1933			
	327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents involving
			personal injury; leaving
			scene.
1934			
	379.365(2)(c)1.	3rd	Violation of rules relating
			to: willful molestation of
			stone crab traps, lines, or
			buoys; illegal bartering,
			trading, or sale, conspiring
			or aiding in such barter,
			trade, or sale, or supplying,
			agreeing to supply, aiding in
			supplying, or giving away
			stone crab trap tags or
			certificates; making,
			altering, forging,
			counterfeiting, or reproducing
			stone crab trap tags;
			possession of forged,
			counterfeit, or imitation
			stone crab trap tags; and
			engaging in the commercial
			harvest of stone crabs while
			license is suspended or
			revoked.
1935			

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	379.367(4)	3rd	Willful molestation of a
			commercial harvester's spiny
			lobster trap, line, or buoy.
1936			
	379.407(5)(b)3.	3rd	Possession of 100 or more
			undersized spiny lobsters.
1937			
	381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or
			organs knowing HIV positive.
1938			
	440.10(1)(g)	2nd	Failure to obtain workers'
			compensation coverage.
1939			
	440.105(5)	2nd	Unlawful solicitation for the
			purpose of making workers'
			compensation claims.
1940			
	440.381(2)	3rd	Submission of false,
			misleading, or incomplete
			information with the purpose
			of avoiding or reducing
			workers' compensation
1011			premiums.
1941		0.1	
	624.401(4)(b)2.	2nd	Transacting insurance without
			a certificate or authority;
			premium collected \$20,000 or
1942			more but less than \$100,000.
1942			

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	626.902(1)(c)	2nd	Representing an unauthorized
			insurer; repeat offender.
1943			
	790.01(3)	3rd	<u>Unlawful</u> carrying <u>of</u> a
	790.01(2)		concealed firearm.
1944			
	790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or discharge
			destructive device.
1945			
	790.163(1)	2nd	False report of bomb,
			explosive, weapon of mass
			destruction, or use of
			firearms in violent manner.
1946			
	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-barreled
			shotgun or machine gun.
1947			
	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of
			firearms, ammunition, or
			electronic weapons or devices.
1948			
	796.05(1)	2nd	Live on earnings of a
			prostitute; 1st offense.
1949			
	800.04(6)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious conduct;
			offender less than 18 years of
			age.
1950			
	800.04(7)(b)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition;
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			offender 18 years of age or
			older.
1951			
	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or
			dispense fire bomb with intent
			to damage any structure or property.
1952			propercy.
1902	812.0145(2)(b)	2nd	Theft from person 65 years of
			age or older; \$10,000 or more
			but less than \$50,000.
1953			
	812.015	3rd	Retail theft; property stolen
	(8)(a) & (c)-(e)		is valued at \$750 or more and
1051			one or more specified acts.
1954	010, 01E(0)(E)	2 an al	
	812.015(8)(f)	3rd	Retail theft; multiple thefts within specified period.
1955			within specifica perioa.
	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing in or
			trafficking in.
1956			
	812.081(3)	2nd	Trafficking in trade secrets.
1957			
	812.131(2)(b)	3rd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
1958		<u> </u>	
	812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or
1959			conducting a chop shop.
± , , , , , ,			

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	817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	,
1960			\$20,000 to \$50,000.
	817.234(11)(b)	2nd	Insurance fraud; property value \$20,000 or more but less than \$100,000.
1961			
	817.2341(1), (2)(a) & (3)(a)	3rd	statements, making false entries of material fact or
			false statements regarding property values relating to
			the solvency of an insuring
1000			entity.
1962	817.568(2)(b)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal identification information; value of benefit, services received, payment avoided, or amount of injury or fraud, \$5,000 or more or use of personal identification information of 10 or more persons.
	817.611(2)(a)	2nd	Traffic in or possess 5 to 14 counterfeit credit cards or
1964			related documents.
I			

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	817.625(2)(b)	2nd	Second or subsequent
			fraudulent use of scanning
			device, skimming device, or
			reencoder.
1965			
	825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition
			in the presence of an elderly
			person or disabled adult.
1966			
	827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to promote
			any photographic material,
			motion picture, etc., which
			includes child pornography.
1967			
	827.071(5)	3rd	Possess, control, or
			intentionally view any
			photographic material, motion
			picture, etc., which includes child pornography.
1968			child polhography.
1,000	828.12(2)	3rd	Tortures any animal with
	020.12(2)	514	intent to inflict intense
			pain, serious physical injury,
			or death.
1969			
	836.14(4)	2nd	Person who willfully promotes
	, - ,		for financial gain a sexually
			explicit image of an
			identifiable person without
			L

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			consent.
1970	839.13(2)(b)	2nd	Falsifying records of an individual in the care and custody of a state agency involving great bodily harm or death.
1972	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with violence to person; resist arrest with violence.
	847.0135(5)(b)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition using computer; offender 18 years or older.
1973	847.0137 (2) & (3)	3rd	Transmission of pornography by electronic device or
1974			equipment.
	847.0138 (2) & (3)	3rd	Transmission of material harmful to minors to a minor by electronic device or equipment.
1975			
	874.05(1)(b)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting another to join a criminal gang; second or subsequent offense.

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1976	594-02393-23		2023150c1
1970	874.05(2)(a)	2nd	Encouraging or recruiting person under 13 years of age to join a criminal gang.
1978	893.13(1)(a)1.	2nd	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)5. drugs).</pre>
	893.13(1)(c)2.	2nd	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cannabis (or other s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (2)(c)10., (3), or (4) drugs) within 1,000 feet of a child care facility, school, or state, county, or municipal park or publicly owned recreational facility or community center.</pre>
1979	893.13(1)(d)1.	lst	<pre>Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)5. drugs) within 1,000 feet of</pre>

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			university.
1980			
	893.13(1)(e)2.	2nd	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
			cannabis or other drug
			prohibited under s.
			893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1.,
			(2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)6.,
			(2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9.,
			(2)(c)10., (3), or (4) within
			1,000 feet of property used
			for religious services or a
			specified business site.
1981			
	893.13(1)(f)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
			cocaine (or other s.
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d),
			or (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)5.
			drugs) within 1,000 feet of
1			public housing facility.
1982		0 1	
	893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Use or hire of minor; deliver
			to minor other controlled
1002			substance.
1983	002 1251 (1)	2 m d	Our each in lease or rental
	893.1351(1)	3rd	Ownership, lease, or rental
			for trafficking in or
			manufacturing of controlled substance.
1984			Substance.
1904			

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 1985 Section 29. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1986 921.0024, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1987 921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations; 1988 scoresheets.-1989 (1)1990 (b) WORKSHEET KEY: 1991 1992 Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status 1993 existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the 1994 court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for 1995 an offender's legal status. 1996 1997 Community sanction violation points are assessed when a 1998 community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. 1999 Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction 2000 violation and each successive community sanction violation, 2001 unless any of the following apply: 2002 1. If the community sanction violation includes a new 2003 felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) 2004 community sanction violation points are assessed for the 2005 violation, and for each successive community sanction violation 2006 involving a new felony conviction. 2007 2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a 2008 violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06: 2009 2010 a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are 2011 assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of 2012 felony probation or community control where: 2013 I. The violation does not include a new felony conviction;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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594-02393-23 2023150c1 2014 and 2015 II. The community sanction violation is not based solely on 2016 the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or 2017 make restitution payments. 2018 b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of 2019 2020 felony probation or community control where the violation 2021 includes a new felony conviction. 2022 2023 Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the 2024 sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the 2025 assessment of community sanction violation points. 2026 2027 Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary 2028 offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or 2029 level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single 2030 assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of 2031 this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the 2032 offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or 2033 level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the 2034 offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or 2035 other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from 2036 confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any 2037 additional offense was committed. 2038 2039 2040 Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more 2041 prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points 2042 shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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2043	equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for
2044	the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital
2045	felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital
2046	felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo
2047	contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in
2048	another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that
2049	jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were
2050	committed in this state.
2051	
2052	Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun:
2053	If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to
2054	commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2)
2055	while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in
2056	<u>s. 790.001</u> s. 790.001(6) , an additional eighteen (18) sentence
2057	points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted of
2058	committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those
2059	enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her
2060	possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3)
2061	or a machine gun as defined in <u>s. 790.001</u> s. 790.001(9) , an
2062	additional twenty-five (25) sentence points are assessed.
2063	
2064	Sentencing multipliers:
2065	
2066	Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking
2067	under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied,
2068	at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8
2069	offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing
2070	court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of
2071	a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides
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594-02393-23 2023150c1 2072 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 2073 2074 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 2075 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 2076 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are 2077 multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 2078 775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points 2079 are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of 2080 s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 2081 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal 2082 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 2083 2084 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand 2085 theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the 2086 offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of 2087 the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal 2088 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 2089 2090 Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted 2091 of the primary offense and committed that offense for the 2092 purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of 2093 a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03, the subtotal sentence 2094 points are multiplied by 1.5. If applying the multiplier results 2095 in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory 2096 maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the 2097 court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the 2098 defendant to the statutory maximum sentence. 2099 2100 Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is

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2101	convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a
2102	crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was
2103	committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who
2104	is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with
2105	the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are
2106	multiplied by 1.5.
2107	
2108	Adult-on-minor sex offense: If the offender was 18 years of age
2109	or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the
2110	time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the
2111	primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1,
2112	2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the
2113	violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course
2114	of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual
2115	battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s.
2116	847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s.
2117	787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s.
2118	800.04; or s. 847.0135(5), the subtotal sentence points are
2119	multiplied by 2.0. If applying the multiplier results in the
2120	lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum
2121	sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court
2122	may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to
2123	the statutory maximum sentence.
2124	Section 30. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
2125	943.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2126	943.051 Criminal justice information; collection and
2127	storage; fingerprinting
2128	(3)
2129	(b) A minor who is charged with or found to have committed
I	

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2130	the following offenses shall be fingerprinted and the
2131	fingerprints shall be submitted electronically to the
2132	department, unless the minor is issued a civil citation pursuant
2133	to s. 985.12:
2134	1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011.
2135	2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03.
2136	3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in <u>s. 790.01(2)</u>
2137	s. 790.01(1) .
2138	4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined
2139	in s. 790.1615(1).
2140	5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e).
2141	6. Assault or battery on a law enforcement officer, a
2142	firefighter, or other specified officers, as defined in s.
2143	784.07(2)(a) and (b).
2144	7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053.
2145	8. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03.
2146	9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s.
2147	790.22(5).
2148	10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014(3).
2149	11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).
2150	12. Arson, as defined in s. 806.031(1).
2151	13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm
2152	at a school-sponsored event or on school property, as provided
2153	in s. 790.115.
2154	Section 31. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section
2155	943.0585, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2156	943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history
2157	records
2158	(1) ELIGIBILITYA person is eligible to petition a court
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2159	to expunge a criminal history record if:
2160	(d) The person has never, as of the date the application
2161	for a certificate of expunction is filed, been adjudicated
2162	guilty in this state of a criminal offense or been adjudicated
2163	delinquent in this state for committing any felony or any of the
2164	following misdemeanors, unless the record of such adjudication
2165	of delinquency has been expunged pursuant to s. 943.0515:
2166	1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011;
2167	2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03;
2168	3. Assault on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or
2169	other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a);
2170	4. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in <u>s. 790.01(2)</u>
2171	s. 790.01(1) ;
2172	5. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053;
2173	6. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm
2174	at a school-sponsored event or on school property, as defined in
2175	s. 790.115;
2176	7. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined
2177	in s. 790.1615(1);
2178	8. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s.
2179	790.22(5);
2180	9. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03;
2181	10. Arson, as defined in s. 806.031(1);
2182	11. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014(3);
2183	12. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e); or
2184	13. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).
2185	Section 32. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
2186	943.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2187	943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records

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2188	(1) ELIGIBILITYA person is eligible to petition a court
2189	to seal a criminal history record when:
2190	(b) The person has never, before the date the application
2191	for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated
2192	guilty in this state of a criminal offense, or been adjudicated
2193	delinquent in this state for committing any felony or any of the
2194	following misdemeanor offenses, unless the record of such
2195	adjudication of delinquency has been expunged pursuant to s.
2196	943.0515:
2197	1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011;
2198	2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03;
2199	3. Assault on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or
2200	other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a);
2201	4. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in <u>s. 790.01(2)</u>
2202	s. 790.01(1) ;
2203	5. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053;
2204	6. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm
2205	at a school-sponsored event or on school property, as defined in
2206	s. 790.115;
2207	7. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined
2208	in s. 790.1615(1);
2209	8. Unlawful possession of a firearm by a minor, as defined
2210	in s. 790.22(5);
2211	9. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03;
2212	10. Arson, as defined in s. 806.031(1);
2213	11. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014(3);
2214	12. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e); or
2215	13. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).
2216	Section 33. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

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2217	985.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2218	985.11 Fingerprinting and photographing
2219	(1)
2220	(b) Unless the child is issued a civil citation or is
2221	participating in a similar diversion program pursuant to s.
2222	985.12, a child who is charged with or found to have committed
2223	one of the following offenses shall be fingerprinted, and the
2224	fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law
2225	Enforcement as provided in s. 943.051(3)(b):
2226	1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011.
2227	2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03.
2228	3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in <u>s. 790.01(2)</u>
2229	s. 790.01(1) .
2230	4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined
2231	in s. 790.1615(1).
2232	5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e).
2233	6. Assault on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or
2234	other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a).
2235	7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053.
2236	8. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03.
2237	9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s.
2238	790.22(5).
2239	10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014.
2240	11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).
2241	12. Arson, resulting in bodily harm to a firefighter, as
2242	defined in s. 806.031(1).
2243	13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm
2244	at a school-sponsored event or on school property as defined in
2245	s. 790.115.

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2246

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2247 A law enforcement agency may fingerprint and photograph a child 2248 taken into custody upon probable cause that such child has 2249 committed any other violation of law, as the agency deems 2250 appropriate. Such fingerprint records and photographs shall be 2251 retained by the law enforcement agency in a separate file, and 2252 these records and all copies thereof must be marked "Juvenile 2253 Confidential." These records are not available for public 2254 disclosure and inspection under s. 119.07(1) except as provided 2255 in ss. 943.053 and 985.04(2), but shall be available to other 2256 law enforcement agencies, criminal justice agencies, state 2257 attorneys, the courts, the child, the parents or legal 2258 custodians of the child, their attorneys, and any other person 2259 authorized by the court to have access to such records. In 2260 addition, such records may be submitted to the Department of Law 2261 Enforcement for inclusion in the state criminal history records 2262 and used by criminal justice agencies for criminal justice 2263 purposes. These records may, in the discretion of the court, be 2264 open to inspection by anyone upon a showing of cause. The 2265 fingerprint and photograph records shall be produced in the 2266 court whenever directed by the court. Any photograph taken 2267 pursuant to this section may be shown by a law enforcement 2268 officer to any victim or witness of a crime for the purpose of 2269 identifying the person who committed such crime. 2270 Section 34. Paragraph (b) of subsection (16) of section

2271 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

(16) EXEMPTION FROM STATUTES.-

(b) Additionally, a charter school shall be in compliance

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2275	with the following statutes:
2276	1. Section 286.011, relating to public meetings and
2277	records, public inspection, and criminal and civil penalties.
2278	2. Chapter 119, relating to public records.
2279	3. Section 1003.03, relating to the maximum class size,
2280	except that the calculation for compliance pursuant to s.
2281	1003.03 shall be the average at the school level.
2282	4. Section 1012.22(1)(c), relating to compensation and
2283	salary schedules.
2284	5. Section 1012.33(5), relating to workforce reductions.
2285	6. Section 1012.335, relating to contracts with
2286	instructional personnel hired on or after July 1, 2011.
2287	7. Section 1012.34, relating to the substantive
2288	requirements for performance evaluations for instructional
2289	personnel and school administrators.
2290	8. Section 1006.12, relating to safe-school officers.
2291	9. Section 1006.07(7), relating to threat management
2292	assessment teams.
2293	10. Section 1006.07(9), relating to School Environmental
2294	Safety Incident Reporting.
2295	11. Section 1006.07(10), relating to reporting of
2296	involuntary examinations.
2297	12. Section 1006.1493, relating to the Florida Safe Schools
2298	Assessment Tool.
2299	13. Section 1006.07(6)(d), relating to adopting an active
2300	assailant response plan.
2301	14. Section 943.082(4)(b), relating to the mobile
2302	suspicious activity reporting tool.
2303	15. Section 1012.584, relating to youth mental health
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594-02393-23 2023150c1 2304 awareness and assistance training. 2305 Section 35. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sum of \$1.5 2306 million in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is 2307 appropriated to the Department of Law Enforcement to implement a 2308 grant program for local law enforcement agencies to provide 2309 firearm safety training. The department shall develop a process 2310 and guidelines for the disbursement of funds appropriated in 2311 this section. Local law enforcement grant recipients shall 2312 report documentation on the use of training funds, in a form and 2313 manner determined by the department. 2314 Section 36. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, eight full-time 2315 equivalent positions, with associated salary rate of 582,000, are authorized and the sums of \$1,207,321 in recurring funds and 2316 2317 \$70,525 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund are 2318 appropriated to the Department of Education to fund new and 2319 existing positions and additional workload expenses within the 2320 Office of Safe Schools. 2321 Section 37. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sum of 2322 \$400,000 in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is 2323 appropriated to the Department of Education to fund the Office 2324 of Safe Schools to update the existing school safety training 2325 infrastructure. 2326 Section 38. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sums of \$5 2327 million in recurring funds and \$7 million in nonrecurring funds 2328 from the General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the Department 2329 of Education to competitively procure for the development or 2330 acquisition of a cloud-based secure statewide information 2331 sharing system that meets the requirements of the threat 2332 management portal as prescribed in this act.

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2333	Section 39. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sums of $\$1.5$
2334	million in recurring funds and \$1.5 million in nonrecurring
2335	funds from the General Revenue Fund are appropriated to the
2336	Department of Education to competitively procure for the
2337	development or acquisition of a cloud-based secure School
2338	Environmental Safety Incident Reporting (SESIR) system.
2339	Section 40. For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the sum of \$42
2340	million in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is
2341	appropriated to the Department of Education for school hardening
2342	grant programs to improve the physical security of school
2343	buildings based on the security risk assessment required
2344	pursuant to s. 1006.1493, Florida Statutes. By December 31,
2345	2023, school districts and charter schools receiving school
2346	hardening grant program funds shall report to the Department of
2347	Education, in a format prescribed by the department, the total
2348	estimated costs of their unmet school campus hardening needs as
2349	identified by the Florida Safe Schools Assessment Tool (FSSAT)
2350	conducted pursuant to s. 1006.1493, Florida Statutes. The report
2351	should include a prioritized list of school hardening project
2352	needs by each school district or charter school and an expected
2353	timeframe for implementing those projects. In accordance with
2354	ss. 119.071(3)(a) and 281.301, Florida Statutes, data and
2355	information related to security risk assessments administered
2356	pursuant to s. 1006.1493, Florida Statutes, are confidential and
2357	exempt from public records requirements. Funds may be used only
2358	for capital expenditures. Funds shall be allocated initially
2359	based on each district's capital outlay full-time equivalent
2360	(FTE) and charter school FTE. A district shall not be allocated
2361	less than \$42,000. Funds shall be provided based on a district's

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2362	application, which must be submitted to the Department of
2363	Education by February 1, 2024.
2364	Section 41. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
2365	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
2366	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1,
2367	2023.

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